



Sandhurst Investment Term Fund (ARSN 090 908 660) Benchmarks and Disclosure Principles Report

As at 30 September 2020

The Australian Securities and Investment Commission (‘ASIC’) Regulatory Guide 45: Mortgage schemes: Improving disclosure for retail investors sets out eight benchmarks and eight disclosure principles which ASIC has formulated to improve disclosure to retail investors participating in unlisted mortgage schemes. This Benchmarks and Disclosure Principles Report (‘Report’) addresses these benchmarks and principles and aims to help investors better understand the risks and benefits offered and decide whether an investment in the Sandhurst Investment Term Fund (ARSN 090 908 660) (‘Fund’) is suitable for them. Unlisted Mortgage schemes are expected to state whether relevant benchmarks have been met and, if not met, provide an explanation on an ‘if not, why not’ basis.

This Report is issued by Sandhurst Trustees Limited (‘Sandhurst’), ABN 16 004 030 737 AFSL 237906, the responsible entity of the Fund and a subsidiary of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (‘Bank’) ABN 11 068 049 178 AFSL 237879. The Report updates information in the Fund Product Disclosure Statement dated 30 January 2017 as amended by the Fund Supplementary Product Disclosure Statement dated 1 July 2017 (collectively referred to as the ‘PDS’) that provides information on the Fund’s performance against ASIC’s eight benchmarks and disclosure principles as at 30 September 2016. Sandhurst regularly reviews its position and updates its performance against the eight ASIC benchmarks and disclosure principles every six-months.

This Report provides an update on the Fund’s performance against ASIC’s eight benchmarks and disclosure principles as at 30 September 2020 and must be read together with the PDS and any updates available on our website. The financial information in the Report is extracted from the Fund’s accounting and management records as at 30 September 2020 and is based on unaudited financial records unless stated otherwise.

The disclosure against the ASIC benchmarks and disclosure principles set out in this Report applies, as the context requires, to the mortgage backed loans (‘Mortgages’) made by the Fund. Unless the context requires otherwise, disclosures in this Report do not apply to other categories of investments made by the Fund.

The information given in this Report is general information only. It does not constitute advice or contain a recommendation to invest in the Fund. The Report has not been prepared taking into account the particular objectives, financial situation or needs of any investor. Before making an investment decision, we recommend that you should obtain financial advice tailored to your personal circumstances. Refer to the Glossary, on page 27 of the PDS, for an explanation of the technical terms used in this Report.

ASIC Benchmarks

The following table sets out each of ASIC’s eight benchmarks and addresses whether or not the Fund has met the respective benchmark. The table also identifies where further information on the benchmarks can be found in the Report, if applicable.

Benchmark	Sandhurst’s response
Benchmark 1: Liquidity	
The responsible entity has cash flow estimates for the fund that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) demonstrate the fund’s capacity to meet its expenses, liabilities and other cash flow needs for the next 12 months; (b) are updated at least every three months and reflect any material changes; and (c) are approved by the directors of the responsible entity at least every three months. 	<p>This benchmark is met.</p> <p>For additional disclosure on this benchmark, please refer to page 3.</p>
Benchmark 2: Fund borrowing	
The responsible entity does not have current borrowings and does not intend to borrow on behalf of the fund.	<p>This benchmark is met.</p> <p>The Fund is permitted to borrow in accordance with the Fund’s constitution but currently does not. The Fund may borrow in the future to meet its short-term cash flow needs (including for the purposes of paying redemptions). Any borrowing must be first approved by Sandhurst’s board.</p>

Benchmark 3: Loan portfolio and diversification	
<p>(a) the fund holds a portfolio of assets diversified by size, borrower, class of borrower activity and geographic region;</p> <p>(b) the fund has no single asset in the fund portfolio that exceeds 5% of the total fund assets;</p> <p>(c) the fund has no single borrower who exceeds 5% of the fund assets; and</p> <p>(d) all loans made by the fund are secured by first mortgages over real property (including registered leasehold title).</p>	<p>This benchmark is met.</p> <p>(a) The Fund invests in a diverse range of assets and monitors the geographic, borrower and activity concentrations.</p> <p>(b) and (c) are met.</p> <p>(d) All Mortgages are secured by first mortgages over real property.</p> <p>For additional disclosure on this benchmark, please refer to page 4.</p>
Benchmark 4: Related party transactions	
<p>The responsible entity does not lend to related parties of the responsible entity or to the fund's investment manager.</p>	<p>This benchmark is not met.</p> <p>The Fund may lend to some related parties, such as directors of Sandhurst and directors of the Bank (or their immediate family). However, the Fund will not lend to any company within the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Group or an Associated Company.</p> <p>Mortgages to related parties are conducted on no more favourable terms than to a non-related party.</p> <p>For additional disclosure on this benchmark, please refer to page 8.</p>
Benchmark 5: Valuation policy	
<p>In relation to valuations for the fund's Mortgage assets and their security property, the board of the responsible entity requires:</p> <p>(a) a valuer to be a member of an appropriate professional body in the jurisdiction in which the relevant property is located;</p> <p>(b) a valuer to be independent;</p> <p>(c) procedures to be followed for dealing with any conflict of interest;</p> <p>(d) the rotation and diversity of valuers;</p> <p>(e) in relation to security property for a loan, an independent valuation to be obtained:</p> <p>(i) before the issue of a loan and on renewal:</p> <p>(A) for development property, on both an 'as is' and 'as if complete' basis; and</p> <p>(B) for all other property, on an 'as is' basis; and</p> <p>(ii) within two months after the directors form a view that there is likelihood that a decrease in the value of security property may have caused a material breach of a loan covenant.</p>	<p>This benchmark is not met.</p> <p>(a), (b), (c) and (d) are met:</p> <p>Sandhurst has procedures in place and utilises the independent panel valuers of the Bank, requiring a rotation of valuers and that all valuations are independent and prepared by appropriately qualified and experienced valuers.</p> <p>(e) is not met:</p> <p>Valuations are performed on an 'as is' basis.</p> <p>An independent valuation will be obtained before the issue of a loan. Sandhurst may require a revaluation of secured property at any time, however, a valuation may not be required in certain circumstances on renewal of a Mortgage if the performance of the Mortgage and indications of the value of the property are satisfactory to Sandhurst.</p> <p>For additional disclosure on this benchmark, please refer to page 9.</p>
Benchmark 6: Lending principles—Loan-to-Valuation Ratios	
<p>If the fund directly holds Mortgage assets:</p> <p>(a) where the loan relates to property development—funds are provided to the borrower in stages based on independent evidence of the progress of the development;</p> <p>(b) where the loan relates to property development—the fund does not lend more than 70% on the basis of the latest 'as if complete' valuation of property over which security is provided; and</p> <p>(c) in all other cases—the fund does not lend more than 80% on the basis of the latest market valuation of property over which security is provided.</p>	<p>This benchmark is met.</p> <p>(a) and (b) are met:</p> <p>The Fund does not hold Mortgage assets that relate to property development.</p> <p>(c) is met.</p> <p>For additional disclosure on this benchmark, please refer to page 10.</p>

Benchmark 7: Distribution practices	
The responsible entity will not pay current distributions from fund borrowings.	This benchmark is met. For additional disclosure on this benchmark, please refer to page 10.
Benchmark 8: Withdrawal arrangements	
<p>Liquid funds</p> <p>For liquid funds:</p> <p>(a) the maximum period allowed for in the fund's constitution for the payment of withdrawal requests is 90 days or less;</p> <p>(b) the responsible entity will pay withdrawal requests within the period allowed for in the fund's constitution; and</p> <p>(c) the responsible entity only permits members to withdraw at any time on request if at least 80% (by value) of the fund property is:</p> <p>(i) money in an account or on deposit with a bank and is available for withdrawal immediately, or otherwise on expiry of a fixed term not exceeding 90 days, during the normal business hours of the bank; or</p> <p>(ii) assets that the responsible entity can reasonably expect to realise for market value within 10 Business Days.</p>	<p>This benchmark is not met.</p> <p>(a), (b) and (c) are not met:</p> <p>(a) In normal circumstances, money can be withdrawn at completion of the fixed term.</p> <p>(b) In accordance with the Fund's constitution the Fund has upto 12 months to satisfy a withdrawal request.</p> <p>(c) As the Fund is a mortgage fund whereby up to 90% of its assets may be invested in Mortgages, Mortgage Backed Securities or government loans and securities, Sandhurst does not reasonably expect to be able to realise the entire portfolio for market value within 10 Business Days.</p> <p>For additional disclosure on this benchmark, please refer to page 11.</p> <p>This Fund is liquid and therefore the non-liquid scheme benchmark is not applicable.</p>

Additional information on ASIC Benchmarks and Disclosure Principles

Liquidity

As at 30 September 2020 the Fund had cash or cash equivalents of \$136,206,227 or 26.6% of the value of total assets.

Sandhurst maintains cash flow estimates for the next 12 months, and ensures that at all times the Fund has cash or cash equivalents sufficient to meet the projected cash needs over the next 12 months.

Sandhurst's policy is to manage the maturity of liquid assets within agreed guidelines to ensure a reasonable amount of cash is on hand to meet the short-term payment obligations of the Fund.

Sandhurst:

- a) monitors and reviews historical rolling 12 months' cash inflows and outflows on an ongoing basis;
- b) prepares cash flow estimates based on the historical cash flow data and material liquidity assumptions that demonstrate the Fund's capacity to meet its expenses, liabilities and other cash flow needs for the next 12 months based on normal operating conditions;
- c) updates the cash flow estimates at least every three months to reflect any material changes and consider whether Benchmark 1 is still met. The board of Sandhurst approves updated cash flow estimates; and
- d) stress tests the cash flow estimate against material assumptions underlying its cash flow estimate.

Sandhurst does not reasonably expect there to be any changes to the Fund's expenses, liabilities and other cash flow needs that will adversely affect the current and future liquidity of the Fund.

The key risks that may affect the liquidity of the Fund are:

- Mortgages may not be realised in a timely manner or at face value;
- there may be a market shock event which causes the actual withdrawal to differ significantly to the forecasts; and
- the counterparty to an asset sale may default or may offer a price which is below the carrying value of the security property.

The Fund also holds investments in term deposits and Mortgage Backed Securities, which produce income, and also provides another mechanism which can be used to manage liquidity over the medium to long term.

At least 10% of the value of the Fund's assets will be held in cash or cash equivalent assets.

Loan portfolio and diversification

The following information is provided as at 30 September 2020.

Number and value of Mortgages

The Fund had 199 Mortgages totalling \$185,711,018. The total number of mortgagors was 174.

Mortgages by class of activity

The following table represents the actual composition of the Fund's Mortgages by class of activity.

Activity	Amount (\$)	No. of Mortgages	% by \$
Rural	6,166,427	14	3.3%
Rural Residential	0	0	0.0%
Hotel/Motel	0	0	0.0%
Industrial	1,906,843	5	1.0%
Owner Occupied Residential	2,483,631	9	1.3%
Residential Investment	17,863,194	21	9.6%
Commercial	157,290,923	150	84.8%
Total	185,711,018	199	100.0%

Mortgages by geographic region

The following table represents the Fund's Mortgages portfolio by geographic region.

Geographical profile	Amount (\$)	No. of Mortgages	% by \$
Victoria			
Inner City	6,690,203	6	3.6%
Metro	46,557,825	41	25.0%
Non-metro	25,408,248	28	13.7%
Australian Capital Territory			
Metro	0	0	0.0%
New South Wales			
Inner City	431,430	1	0.2%
Metro	33,764,574	27	18.2%
Non-metro	18,333,990	24	9.9%
Northern Territory			
Metro	0	0	0.0%
Queensland			
Metro	5,078,932	7	2.7%
Non-metro	6,246,882	15	3.4%
South Australia			
Inner City	11,810,189	4	6.4%
Metro	23,573,284	34	12.7%
Non-metro	1,274,487	3	0.7%
Tasmania			
Inner City	0	0	0.0%
Metro	265,525	1	0.1%
Western Australia			
Inner City	0	0	0.0%
Metro	6,275,449	8	3.4%
Non-metro	0	0	0.0%
Total	185,711,018	199	100.0%

Mortgages in arrears

There were 9 Mortgages totalling \$3,455,043 in arrears greater than 30 days. This represents 1.86% of the total Mortgage portfolio by dollar value and 4.52% by number. The total mortgages in arrears as a % of the total assets is 0.68%.

Days in Arrears*	Principal (\$)	Principal (\$) in arrears as % of total Mortgage Portfolio	Payments in arrears (\$)	No. of Mortgages	Number in arrears as % of total Mortgage Portfolio
30 - 60 days	2,732,332	1.47%	18,065	5	2.51%
60 - 90 days	0	0.00%	0	0	0.00%
90 days and over	722,711	0.39%	199,729	4	2.01%
Total	3,455,043	1.86%	217,794	9	4.52%

* In Sandhurst’s lending policy the terms default and arrears have the same meaning.

Sandhurst works in conjunction with the Bank’s Mortgage Help Centre to manage Mortgages that are in arrears.

Security type

All of the 199 Mortgages held by the Fund were secured by way of first registered mortgage over Australian real property. No Mortgages were secured by second ranking Mortgage or were unsecured.

Largest borrower(s)

The total Mortgage loan monies lent to the 10 largest borrowers^ in the Fund total \$60,415,772.

^ Borrower is calculated at an aggregate level, taking into account credit exposures combined due to a common link either through ownership, control, management, cash flow, or security.

This represents:

- 15.08% of the number of total Mortgage loans in the portfolio;
- 32.53% of the total value of Mortgages in the portfolio; and
- 11.82% of the Fund’s total assets.

The total Mortgage portfolio holds 199 loans valued at \$185,711,018.

The largest borrower had 1 Mortgage of \$8,137,080 representing 4.38% of the total value of Mortgages and 1.59% of the Fund’s total assets.

The Fund’s largest single asset was \$8,137,080 representing 4.38% of the total value of Mortgages in the portfolio and 1.59% of the Fund’s total assets.

Undrawn Mortgage Commitments

The Fund had 3 Mortgages totalling \$4,865,000 that were approved, but not yet advanced. Undrawn Mortgage commitments are funded from available liquidity in the Fund.

Maturity Profile

The following table represents the actual composition of the Fund’s Mortgages by maturity.

Maturity Profile	Amount (\$)	No. of Mortgages	% by \$
0 < 6 months	32,975,542	32	17.9%
6 < 12 months	27,167,396	28	14.6%
1 < 2 years	27,512,194	26	14.8%
2 < 3 years	33,512,973	29	18.0%
3 < 4 years	33,088,297	21	17.8%
4 < 5 years	13,531,306	12	7.3%
5 < 10 years	5,602,818	12	3.0%
10 < 15 years	3,796,110	14	2.0%
15 < 20 years	8,524,382	25	4.6%
20 < 25 years	0	0	0.0%
25 < 30 years	0	0	0.0%
Total	185,711,018	199	100.0%

Mortgage Loan to Valuation Ratios

The following table represents the actual composition of the Fund's LVR.

LVR	Amount (\$)	No. of Mortgages	% by \$
< 30%	7,122,711	31	3.8%
30 < 40%	25,182,085	18	13.6%
40 < 50%	42,538,059	35	22.9%
50 < 60%	48,789,265	46	26.3%
60 < 70%	62,078,898	69	33.4%
70 < 80%	0	0	0.0%
80 < 90%	0	0	0.0%
90 < 100%	0	0	0.0%
> 100%	0	0	0.0%
Total	185,711,018	199	100.0%

Residential Mortgages with a LVR greater than two-thirds at the time of advance are required to have lender's mortgage insurance in place. The weighted average LVR was 51.8%.

Interest rates on Mortgages

The following table represents the actual composition of the Fund's interest rates on Mortgages.

Mortgage Split by Interest Rate	Amount (\$)	No. of Mortgages	% by \$
4.00% or less	130,155,685	101	70.2%
4.01% - 4.50%	31,801,382	47	17.1%
4.51% - 5.00%	10,230,410	20	5.5%
5.01% - 5.50%	5,993,249	13	3.2%
5.51% - 6.00%	0	0	0.0%
6.01% - 6.50%	5,325,607	8	2.9%
6.51% - 7.00%	69,993	1	0.0%
7.01% - 7.50%	1,383,227	5	0.7%
7.51% - 8.00%	751,465	4	0.4%
> 8.00%	0	0	0.0%
Total	185,711,018	199	100.0%

Capitalised Interest

The Fund had 3 Mortgages, totalling \$2,478,698 with interest that has been capitalised. The amount capitalised was \$23,569.

Derivatives

Sandhurst uses derivatives for hedging purposes, to help manage the interest rate risk of the Fund. Sandhurst generally hedges asset and liability exposures greater than \$1,000,000 and reviews the portfolio at least monthly to determine if further interest rate hedging is required.

Sandhurst does not intend to use derivatives to gear the Fund.

Non-Mortgage assets

In addition to Mortgages, the authorised investments of the Fund include the following asset classes:

- Mortgage Backed Securities (excluding other unlisted mortgage schemes);
- Australian Government securities (or securities issued by another entity backed by an Australian Government entity) or loan to an Australian Government entity (or other entity backed by an Australian Government entity);
- term deposits; and
- cash or cash equivalent assets.

The total value of non-mortgage assets is \$325,502,680.

Fund Investment and diversification

Sandhurst’s policy on diversification of assets is to ensure that adverse results from one security or class of securities will not have an unduly detrimental effect on the entire investment portfolio of the Fund. This policy applies to non-mortgage assets and Mortgages.

Mortgage Backed Securities

The Fund sources Mortgage Backed Securities from various institutions (including the Bank). The Fund assesses the credit risks associated with each Mortgage Backed Security and invests only where there is strong credit characteristics. The Fund will only invest in Mortgage Backed Securities that are either assigned an internal investment grade rating or are rated investment grade by one of Standard & Poor’s, Moody’s, Fitch or Australia Ratings. By investing only in investment grade Mortgage Backed Securities the risk to the Fund is lessened as the Fund will receive interest and principal from the Mortgage Backed Securities ahead of holders of lower rated tranches.

Additionally, the Fund will only invest in Mortgage Backed Securities where the underlying loans have a maximum LVR of 95%. For those loans that have a LVR greater than 80% they usually would have lenders mortgage insurance. The Fund will also consider:

- Mortgage pool characteristics including but not limited to geographical distribution, concentrations of interest only and investor loans;
- servicer processes, underwriting and redemption policies;
- insurance on some or all of the Mortgages or other form of credit guarantees; and
- the capital structure, sources and degrees of subordination of the securities.

Purchased Mortgages

From time to time, Sandhurst may purchase Mortgages from various institutions (including the Bank).

These purchases are governed by a formal agreement and are conducted on commercial, arms-length terms.

When Sandhurst undertakes a purchase of Mortgages from various institutions, Sandhurst will complete due diligence on the underwriting practices of the institution determining the method used to determine whether a borrower has capacity to service a Mortgage.

In most cases this assessment is based on a credit scoring model, which will take into account numerous factors.

Purchased Mortgages must meet strict eligibility criteria (including board approval) and are subject to a thorough due diligence process including ensuring the underlying Mortgages meet the criteria of:

- LVR in accordance with the maximum LVR table;
- first registered security;
- an assessment of credit risk;
- diversification of the loans meet the Fund’s need; and
- Mortgages are performing with arrears no greater than 30 days

Sandhurst monitors the performance of these portfolios on an ongoing basis.

Directly Originated Mortgages

Sandhurst has a conservative lending approach and aims to provide capital stability and to avoid losses. Sandhurst adopts the below key principles in the approval and management of all Mortgages.

Sandhurst has an investment limitation in place that at the time of lending the maximum Mortgage loan size is limited to 5% of the value of the total assets of the Fund.

The Fund may also invest up to 15% of the Fund’s assets in low doc Mortgages. See page 8 for more information about low doc Mortgages.

Lending criteria and borrower’s capacity to service and repay

All direct Mortgage applications are carefully considered by a specialist lending team and are subject to Sandhurst board approved delegated lending authorities.

The maximum LVRs for the Fund’s direct Mortgage types, applied at the time of advance, are listed below.

Maximum LVRs	
Commercial	66.6%
Commercial (specialised security)	50%
Industrial	55%
Rural	40%
Residential (without Lenders Mortgage Insurance)	66.6%^
Residential (with Lenders Mortgage Insurance)	95%

^ Residential property Mortgages in excess of two-thirds of the valuation of the mortgaged property at the time of advance are or will be insured by an approved mortgage insurer.

Full doc Mortgages

Sandhurst applies strict lending criteria and fully evaluates the borrower's financial stability and ability to service the Mortgage. There is no maximum loan amount for any one borrower subject to, at the time of lending, the maximum mortgage loan size being limited to 5% of the total assets of the Fund. All Mortgages greater than \$15 million require approval from at least three directors. The assessment guidelines include but are not limited to the consideration of:

- recent financial statements and/or tax returns;
- the borrower's credit history;
- quality of the underlying security; and
- past trading history and business background.

Low doc Mortgages

A low doc Mortgage is a Mortgage to a borrower who does not provide the standard supporting Mortgage application documentation and therefore carries higher risk. It does not mean the income comes from a non-traditional source. Sandhurst manages this risk by applying the following lending criteria:

- Maximum LVR of 66%. The applicable LVR is dependent on the Mortgage type e.g. Rural or Commercial special purpose.
- Sandhurst only accepts commercial low doc Mortgages, through selected approved partners.
- Sandhurst requires a first registered security as well as certification of financial stability from the borrower.
- The maximum loan amount for a low doc Mortgage is \$2,000,000.

Securities

There is no requirement for the mortgaged property to be income producing for either full doc or low doc Mortgages. However, for full doc Mortgages, the capability of servicing total loan commitments from current income is expected to be proven. For low doc Mortgages, the borrower must declare they are capable of servicing total loan commitments.

Sandhurst will not invest in Mortgages that it regards as speculative in nature or lend or take security over development projects.

Mortgage approval

All direct Mortgage applications are carefully considered by a specialist lending team. Mortgage approvals are subject to Sandhurst board approved delegated lending authorities.

Administration

Sandhurst and its agents have dedicated teams and systems in place to manage the Mortgage portfolio. This includes systems that provide timely information to assist with the management of the collection of principal, interest and any arrears.

Investment in other unlisted mortgage schemes

The Fund does not invest in other unlisted mortgage schemes.

Related party transactions

Nothing in the Fund's constitution prevents Sandhurst as the responsible entity of the Fund from:

- dealing with itself, as the responsible entity of the Fund or in any other capacity, or with a member of the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Group or Associated Company or any investor; and
- being interested in any contract or transaction with itself, as the responsible entity for the Fund or in any other capacity, or with a member of the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Group, Associated Company or investor or retaining profits or benefits derived from any such contract or transaction.

Sandhurst has a process for managing conflicts of interest and related party transactions which ensures that all transactions entered into by Sandhurst are identified and assessed for any conflicts of interest. This process also ensures that all related party transactions are reasonable and are conducted in the normal course of business on an arm's length basis, under commercial terms and conditions. As such investor approval is not sought for these transactions.

Sandhurst has appointed an Audit Risk and Compliance Committee, whose role includes, amongst other things, providing assistance and advice to the Sandhurst board in managing conflicts of interest and related party transactions.

The table below sets out related party arrangements the Fund has in place. All related party transactions are made on commercial and arm's length terms (i.e. they are on no more favourable terms than a non-related party). Any fees payable to a related party is, in Sandhurst's opinion, reasonable remuneration.

Transaction type	Related party	Value of financial benefit <small>(as at financial year ended 30 September 2020)</small>	Nature of relationship
Fund investments with related parties	Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Parent)	The Fund has \$43,726,988 invested.	The Fund has funds on deposit with the Bank. The value of the financial benefit shows the market value of funds on deposit with the Bank.
Mortgage management service fees	Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Parent)	The Fund paid a service fee of \$29,064.	As part of its asset acquisition strategy, the Fund may from time to time purchase pools of Mortgages via equitable assignment from entities within the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Group. The Fund pays management fees for Mortgage management services in relation to these purchased Mortgages.
Mortgage origination and management fees	National Mortgage Market Corporation Limited (subsidiary of Parent) or other related party ¹	The Fund paid a management fee of \$251,874.	Mortgage origination and mortgage management fees paid to National Mortgage Market Corporation Limited for mortgage origination.

¹ The mortgage origination and management fees have been included as a part of the management costs of the Fund. The related party entity which provides mortgage origination and management services may change from time to time.

Directors (or their immediate family) of Sandhurst and the Bank may obtain a Mortgage from the Fund. Any such transactions are conducted on no more favourable terms than a non-related party. The Fund does not lend money to Sandhurst, or any company in the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Group or any Associated Company of the Bank. No Directors (or their immediate family) of Sandhurst and the Bank have obtained a mortgage from the Fund.

From time to time related parties may invest in the Fund. Any such transactions are conducted on no more favourable terms than a non related party.

In addition, the Bank provides advisory and administrative services to Sandhurst e.g. personnel, distribution, IT, payroll and legal services. Any fees paid to the Bank for these services are paid by Sandhurst from its own resources and not out of assets of the Fund.

Sandhurst has also entered into distribution arrangements with Community Bank branches and franchisees. Under these arrangements, Sandhurst may pay a trailing commission of up to 0.35% p.a. on monthly average balances of investors introduced. The trailing commission arrangements are on arm's length terms and only paid where it is permitted by law (in particular, under the conflicted remuneration provisions of the Corporations Act) and do not impact returns to investors in the Fund.

Sandhurst may also pay ongoing commissions of up to 0.50% p.a. on Mortgage loan balances that are originated by Community Bank branches and franchisees. Such ongoing commissions are paid by Sandhurst and do not impact returns to investors in the Fund.

Please refer to the "Fees and Other Costs" section on page 18 of the PDS for further information about adviser remuneration and how these payments may be limited by law.

The risks with related party transactions is that the related party, for example a borrower or service provider, has not been assessed with the same rigor and independence and may not be monitored as robustly as an external party would be assessed and monitored against, and the party does not perform as expected, which may adversely affect the Fund.

Valuation policy

The objective of the Valuation Policy (available on our website) is to ensure that a consistent framework is applied to property valuations. The valuation policy applies to direct Mortgages.

The valuation policy is required to ensure that the Fund's financial position is correctly stated.

Properties are valued on an 'as is' basis. Sandhurst does not lend or take security over development projects. Security properties are valued by an independent registered valuer.

Most often, valuers will be a member of the Bank's panel of valuers. Use of the panel ensures that there is sufficient rotation of valuers. Valuations from non-panel valuers may be accepted but must be specifically approved by Sandhurst management (e.g. instructions may be given to a valuer local to the area in which the security property is located, thus utilising the valuer's local knowledge and expertise).

The valuer must be registered with the Australian Property Institute and the valuer's professional indemnity policy is to be received, ensuring sufficient cover is held. The completed valuation report is to include a warranty stating that the report complies with all relevant industry standards and codes.

Properties must have a formal valuation dated no more than 3 months prior to credit consideration unless the approving mortgage officers are satisfied that reliance can still be placed on the value ascribed.

Under the Mortgages, Sandhurst reserves the right to obtain future up-to-date valuations of the property or properties offered as security at the borrower's expense.

Sandhurst may exercise this option at its discretion for whatever reason during the term of a Mortgage.

However, the standard practice is not to obtain up-to-date valuations during Mortgage terms where the Mortgage is performing satisfactorily and there is no considered deterioration in circumstances specific to that Mortgage or the secured property.

Events that may require a new valuation, include the following:

- there is material deterioration in the primary source of payment and/or repayments fall 90 days in arrears;
- there is material deterioration of the condition of the security property since last valuation; and
- property values have generally declined, and the customer's security property requires early revaluation.

The above-mentioned requirements help Sandhurst in managing any valuer conflicts of interest.

When a Mortgage presents for renewal or rollover, a revaluation is required if the existing valuation is greater than 7 years old unless the performance of the Mortgage and indications of the value of the property are satisfactory to Sandhurst.

Any further lending for existing customers where the security is held by Sandhurst will normally be supported by a valuation of not more than 3 months old.

As part of the valuation report the valuer must certify that they:

- have no interest (financial or otherwise) in the property being valued, or with borrowers;
- are independent to the credit transaction; and
- confirm that the valuation has been prepared for mortgage lending purposes.

The valuation practices for properties securing loans purchased under a receivables purchase agreement are governed by the terms of the loan and the lenders' policies and procedures.

Valuations will only be relied upon if conducted in accordance with the Valuation Policy.

Lending principles—Loan-to-valuation ratios

Mortgage Loan to Valuation Ratio Weighted Average

The weighted average of the Fund's loan to valuation ratio was 51.8% for this reporting period. Please also see further information above for a table which shows the actual composition of the Mortgage Loan to Valuation Ratios in percentage ranges, under the "Loan portfolio and diversification" section.

Maximum Mortgage Loan to Valuation

The maximum LVRs for the Fund's direct Mortgage types, applied at the time of advance, are listed below.

Maximum LVRs	
Commercial	66.6%
Commercial (specialised security)	50%
Industrial	55%
Rural	40%
Residential (without Lenders Mortgage Insurance)	66.6%^
Residential (with Lenders Mortgage Insurance)	95%

^ Residential property Mortgages in excess of two-thirds of the valuation of the mortgaged property at the time of advance are or will be insured by an approved mortgage insurer.

Distribution practices

All the Fund's distributable income is sourced from income earned on the assets held in the relevant distribution period.

For each investment term offered, Sandhurst will set a rate of return (net of all fees and costs) which it anticipates meeting over the duration of the investment term, referred to as the Anticipated Return. Sandhurst calculates the Anticipated Return by careful analysis of the Fund's projected investment income and by considering factors such as forecast interest rates of the

Fund’s assets and the portfolio mix of assets in the Fund. Sandhurst may change the Anticipated Return at any time although it does not expect to do so during an investment term. The Anticipated Return is the maximum return an investor may receive and is not guaranteed to investors. Any income earned by the Fund above the Anticipated Return is paid as a performance fee to Sandhurst.

Income is calculated on your daily balance and paid at the end of each calendar month or calendar quarter (depending on your nominated distribution frequency), and on maturity or withdrawal of the investment.

The table below sets out the key factors that would have the most material impact on forecast distributions (i.e. the Anticipated Return) are:

Interest rate movements
<p>The distributable income is highly correlated with movements in market interest rates. If there are any significant movements in market rates, it may have a negative impact on actual returns depending on the size and timing of movements. Interest rate volatility modelling is carried out and interest rate hedging is used to reduce volatility and manage this risk.</p> <p>Sandhurst conducts regular interest rate sensitivity analysis to maintain interest rate volatility within approved limits.</p> <p>To manage the risk associated with interest rate movements, Sandhurst will take into account anticipated interest rate movements when setting the Anticipated Return.</p>
Default loans
<p>There is a risk that if the Fund suffers a capital loss (e.g. where a borrower defaults and the secured properties or the income of the Fund does not cover the loaned amount) then:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • it could result in the distributable income being impacted and consequently the actual rate paid may be lower than the Anticipated Return; and • it could also result in the value of the assets of the Fund falling and consequently an investor may not receive the full value of the amount invested at the time of withdrawal. <p>Assuming the performance fee is nil, investors may experience a 0.02% p.a. reduction in the actual rate paid (compared to the Anticipated Return) for every credit loss of \$100,000 not forecast.</p> <p>During the year ended 30 September 2020 the performance fee was 0.00% of the average net asset value of the Fund.</p>
Asset Allocation
<p>Distributable income is impacted by the asset allocation of the Fund. If the asset allocation of the Fund changes significantly over time, it is likely that these changes will have an impact on the Fund’s distributable income.</p> <p>This could be positive or negative, depending on the change.</p> <p>To manage the risk associated with asset allocation movements, Sandhurst will take into account anticipated asset allocation movements when setting the Anticipated Return.</p>

Withdrawal arrangements

It is important that investors understand realistic timeframes for satisfying withdrawal requests from the Fund as well as the risk that withdrawals from the Fund could be frozen as required under the Corporations Act.

As at 30 September 2020, the Fund is treated as a liquid investment under the Corporations Act.

Whilst the Fund is liquid, investors may generally withdraw at the end of the fixed term selected. Investors can select terms of between 3 months and 5 years.

Early withdrawal may be available at Sandhurst’s discretion in special circumstances, although penalties may apply in the form of a reduced rate of return. The reduced rate of return as at 30 September 2020 was 0.10% p.a. and is subject to change. The reduced rate of return is determined by Sandhurst taking into consideration current market rates and may be different at the time you apply for early withdrawal of your investment. For further information please refer to our website bendigobank.com.au/managedfunds/performance.

The Fund provides an innovative benefit if you invest for a term of at least 3 years. By nominating the investment as a “Rainy-Day Access Account”, you can apply to withdraw up to 25% of your initial investment at any time during the term, usually your request will be processed on the same day it is received. Accessing your funds under the rainy-day terms, does not result in a reduced rate of return.

Sandhurst will aim to satisfy withdrawal requests as soon as practicable. However, there is a risk that withdrawal proceeds will not be paid within a reasonable period of the withdrawal request being made. Under the Fund's constitution, Sandhurst has up to 12 months to satisfy withdrawal requests (both early withdrawals and withdrawals on maturity date of your investment) and is not obliged to satisfy any withdrawal requests within a shorter period. Sandhurst may also delay or refuse withdrawal requests where it is in the best interests of investors as a whole to do so.

Where the Fund ceases to be liquid under the Corporations Act, investors may only withdraw their investments subject to a withdrawal offer made by Sandhurst irrespective of whether or not their investment has reached its maturity date. Sandhurst is not obliged to make withdrawal offers under the Corporations Act if the Fund is illiquid.

In managing withdrawal requests Sandhurst balances the maturity of the Fund's assets with the maturity of the Fund's liabilities in the short term by managing the Fund's cash and cash equivalent assets as detailed in the "Liquidity" section of this Report. The Fund currently holds sufficient assets that are readily realisable to meet forecast future withdrawal requests.

Withdrawals are funded from the Fund's assets. The investment policy is to hold at least 10% of the Fund's assets in liquid assets, which are used to fund withdrawal requests within the Fund. Sandhurst undertakes cashflow forecasting on a quarterly basis to actively manage the Fund's liquidity.

For information on how to withdraw funds, please refer to the "Accessing your money" section on page 22 of the PDS.

Rollovers and Renewals

We will send you an investment review advice before the maturity date of your investment, which will advise you that your investment term is due to expire. The advice will contain the following information:

- opening and closing balance for the investment term;
- review term and next review date; and
- new Anticipated Return.

The new Anticipated Return may be different to the Anticipated Return that was applied to the initial investment term. Sandhurst may also change the Anticipated Return during the period you receive the investment review advice and the maturity date of your investment. If the Anticipated Return is changed during this period, we will send you an investment confirmation advice.

You may contact Sandhurst within 14 days of the maturity date to provide instructions regarding your investment. At this time, you may instruct Sandhurst to renew your investment, reinvest your funds for a different term or change income frequency. You can also add to your investment, withdraw part of your investment or close your account.

If you do not make an election within the 14 day period from the maturity date, Sandhurst will automatically renew the investment (that is, the balance standing to the credit of your account) for a period equal to that of the previous investment term, at the Anticipated Return applying to the particular investment term on the maturity date, unless we receive written instructions to the contrary before this date.

A new application form does not need to be completed to rollover your investment in the Fund, however we encourage investors to consider the PDS and any updated information prior to making a decision to roll their investment. The PDS and any information that updates the PDS are available free of charge from any Bendigo Bank branch, by phoning Sandhurst on 1800 634 969 or via our website.

Refer to the "Accessing your Money" section on page 22 of the PDS for further information.

Risk Factors

There are a number of risks associated with the Fund, which are further described in the "Risks of investing in the Fund" section on page 7 of the PDS. Liquidity risk is the key risk that can impact an investor's ability to withdraw from the Fund. Mortgages are relatively illiquid when compared to some other asset classes and delays can occur in converting these investments into cash. Sandhurst actively manages liquidity risk by holding a percentage of the total assets of the Fund in liquid investments. There is a risk that the Fund could suffer a capital loss. Sandhurst manages this risk by adopting conservative investment policies, applying a strict lending criteria and only lending to a maximum LVR of two-thirds of the security value except for residential Mortgages where lender's mortgage insurance is provided.

Minimum Investment Balance

If the current value of your investment falls below the minimum investment balance of \$2,000, Sandhurst may at its discretion redeem your interests in the Fund and pay the proceeds to you.

For further information, contact our Customer Service Centre on 1800 634 969 or visit our website: bendigobank.com.au/managedfunds