Annual Report 2024

Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Limited

Community Bank Mansfield & District

ABN 92 124 069 914



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Chair's report

For year ending 30 June 2024

The 2023/2024 financial year has been a busy year with an upgrade of our Banking chambers, new staff coming onboard and a full round of grants and sponsorships to our community. While the economy is showing different signs (high employment and high inflation) we are encourage with our performance going forward.

We continue to work closely with our key partners, the Bendigo Bank and organisation in our area such as the Mansfield Shire Council, MACE, Goughs Bay community, WiNE and other organisations; focussing on the resilience of our community through difficult times. Our core focus was to ensure our Community Bank and community continued to grow and thrive through the ongoing cost of living crisis.

Staffing has remained a challenge however we now have a full team in place to continue to focus on serving our customers and we remain the bank in Mansfield to have a full service offering.

The company reports a before tax profit of \$237,217 after community contributions and a significant contribution to the Community Enterprise Foundation. Our contributions into our community continues to grow, reaching \$1,465,453 at the end of the 2023/24 financial year. Many projects have been supported which has increased the liveability and sustainability of our community and the participation of many within the community in their chosen interests. Our youth mental health and wellbeing program continued and has been a tremendous help to the youth of our community. We have also continued to support Community Bank Mansfield & District Scholarships and are reviewing how to enhance this program in the years ahead.

Thank you to my fellow Directors and our support staff, Emma and Libby. We have had several changes to our staff structure over the last 12 months and I would like to thank them for quickly "coming up to speed" and their dedication to serving our customer base in the work that they all do.

Thankyou again to our shareholders past and present for their continued support for our Community Bank, now in its sixteenth year. You should be proud of the contribution that your company has made into your community.

The Board of Directors was pleased to announce the declaration of our fourteenth dividend. This year the dividend will be 5c per share fully franked; paid in November 2024. Total return to shareholders through dividends is now at \$413,726.49.

While most other banks are moving online and reducing the present in Mansfield, we continue to offer a full service banking experience and personalised customer service in our branch and this has helped us increase our customer base over the last 12 months. The Board of Directors of MDCE Ltd continue to look for innovative ways to improve the company's strategy. This will ensure we remain relevant for the future of our community and customers. Our unique banking model continues to enable us to better service our customers and continue to give back to our community, so please tell your friends and family that the more people that bank with us the more we will contribute back into our community. Every customer that we attract to Community Bank Mansfield & District means the Mansfield and district community directly benefits. Our friendly staff are more than happy to help, so come and talk to the branch team about how we can support your banking needs and continue our enduring good news story.

David Mayne

Chair – Mansfield and District Community Enterprise Ltd

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2024

It is with pleasure that I submit the Branch Manager's report for Community Bank Mansfield & District.

Community Bank Mansfield & District has continued its good performance for the 2023/24 financial year. Growth came from deposit funds and continued good performance in lending under difficult conditions. The branch also grew its customer numbers this financial year. Branch staff continued to focus on providing Superannuation and Insurance solutions for our customers and saw good results in these measures as well.

The strength of the Community Bank model, and the point of difference that this provides, is one of the reasons that we have been able to achieve these strong results. We believe that our success is closely linked to the success of our community.

In the past 12 months Community Bank Mansfield & District has continued to support a broad range of Community groups and we are particularly proud to be the major sponsor of the Mansfield Football Netball Club. We continue to provide scholarships to Mansfield students for both Tertiary and TAFE.

The past 12 months has seen some changes in our branch staffing which has allowed us to bring a better focus on our customers and community. Our staff have great customer skills which is reflected in the number of positive comments we receive.

This year we completed a major renovation to our premises to bring it inline with the more modern customer facing design which has received positive comments from customers, community and staff. We also arranged for an artist to complete a locally themed mural on our external wall which featured in our local paper (Mansfield Courier).

The branch has received wonderful support from our Bendigo Bank support team, particularly our Regional Manager Galen Munari.

The branch has also continued to work alongside Rural Bank and look forward to working with the new structure that is occurring.

Thank you to our Board of Directors who provide a strong strategic direction for the branch team. The strategy they have set will see Community Bank Mansfield & District continue to maintain our strong community focus and ensure we remain a relevant banking choice in our community.

Most of all I would like to thank our shareholders, our individual customers and the local businesses and groups that choose to bank with Community Bank Mansfield & District. It is because of you that we are able to provide the support that we do to the local community.

On behalf of the branch staff thank you for your continued support. We look forward to seeing you in the branch sometime throughout the year.

Thank you

Ryan Daykin Branch Manager

Community investment

As an officially registered social enterprise, this year we celebrated a community investment of nearly \$1.5 million!

This year we made it official... we are a registered business-for-good, receiving the highly regarded social enterprise certification from Australia's peak body, and a People+Planet First certificate of verification from the Social Enterprise World Forum.

Our Community Bank model is unique. We have always talked about ourselves as a community enterprise, but never had anything to officially hold that mantle. At our 2023 November AGM, our board put it to our shareholders that our Community Enterprise adopt a new mission statement that would assist us to become a certified social enterprise. Pleasingly, our shareholders adopted this Mission Statement, which reads - Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Ltd's mission is to be a substantial, sustainable community-built business that contributes to community prosperity.

So like when the community bank model was established some 25 years ago and paved the way to tread new paths, this model is doing so again 25 plus years later in the social enterprise sector.

For Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Ltd, this achievement is about recognising our investment in community projects, organisations and causes, demonstrating how the community banking model builds community and shares profits with everyone.

In the last 12 months, Community Bank Mansfield & District has invested a total of \$257,384 in funds back into the community.

This funding has been invested in projects like the Mansfield Autism Statewide Services' 'Operation Game Changer' project; Youth Scholarships; support for Mansfield Chop & Chat & the Food Bank; NAIDOC week; numerous local sporting groups and many other community initiatives. This has addressed important causes in our community including food security, developing our youth, recognising our communities indigenous heritage and supporting those with disabilities just to name a few.

Our 2024 Community Impact Program accepted 18 of the 33 applications received, funding a total of \$140,000 out of the \$360,000 requested. The list of successful projects ranged from support for emergency services including the SES Mansfield Unit, CFA Tolmie & District Brigade and our emergency services broadcaster Radio Mansfield; to funding educational initiatives at Mansfield Primary School, the Secondary College, the Mansfield Rudolf Steiner School and Cubby.

The program embraced connection and diversity through new causes like the Cycling Without Age 'Rolling Smiles' and Pride Fair Day, whilst investing in liveability by contributing to Up2Us Landcare's 'Hollow Bearing Fauna' research project and support for the Jamieson Wildlife Shelter.

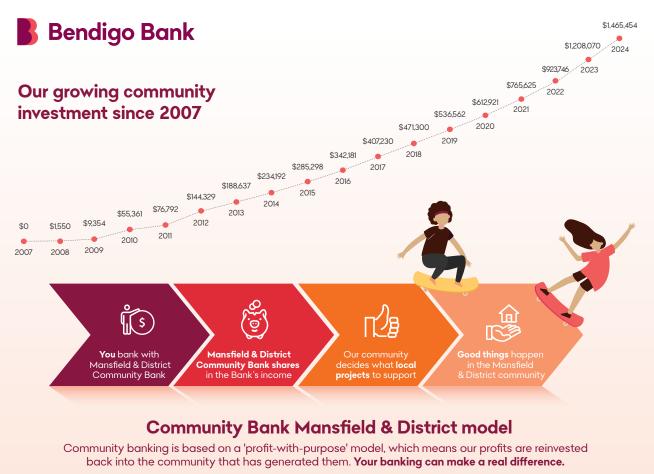
The ongoing wellbeing of our community was also high on the agenda with grants presented once more to the MCF Food Pantry, the Mansfield Living with Parkinson's Support Group, the High Country Southern Cross Kids' Camp and the High Country Quilters.

Funding for the creative arts also didn't miss out with the MAD Potters and MAD Orchestra book-ending the night's presentation, along with the announcement of support for Arts Mansfield's new ARTY Awards.

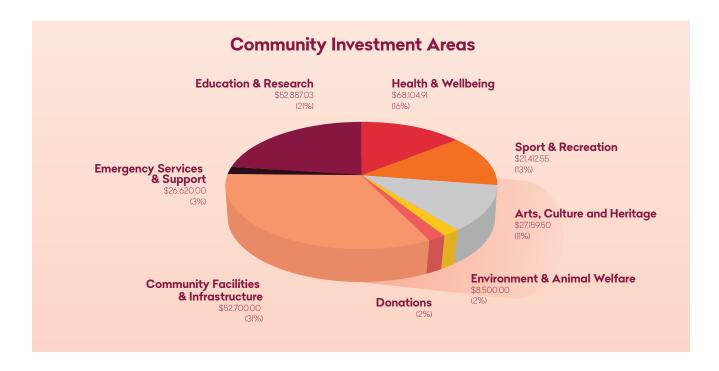
The impact of these funds now brings our accumulative community investment to \$1,465,454, as we continue to invest in the growth of a resilient, sustainable and thriving Mansfield & District community.

Community impact



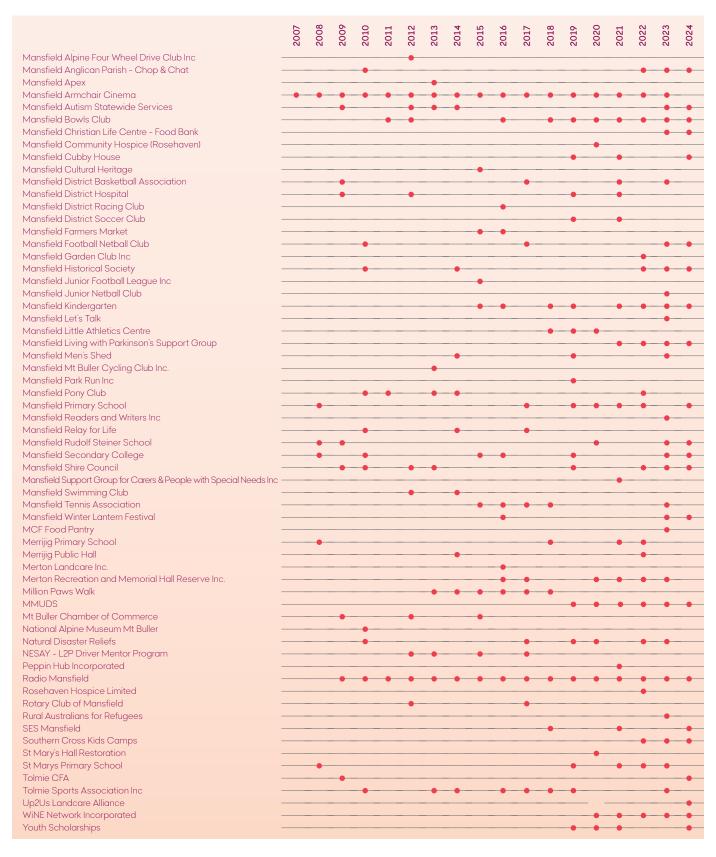


Community impact (continued)





Community impact (continued)





bendigobank.com.au/mansfield

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited ABN 11 068 049 178 AFSL/Australian Credit Licence 237879. (2031789–2031745) (06/24)

Key impact pillars

Our community impact strategy

Community Bank Mansfield & District's

Community Impact Strategy is a

commitment to investing in the growth of
a resilient, sustainable and thriving

Mansfield & District community.

This Strategy forms the road map for which our Community Impact Program will be guided and the basis on which successful funding applications will be measured.

The Community Impact Program aims to be nimble enough to meet the most pressing community needs in the short term, whilst addressing broader long-term community projects founded around the 5 Key Impact Pillars.

Brought to you by the people that bank with Community Bank - Mansfield & District.

5 Key Impact Pillars



Leadership

Investing in people, education, entrepreneurship, diversity and our youth.



Innovation

Encouraging creative opportunities and social enterprise.



Wellbeing

Nurturing our community.



Connection

Working to establish, maintain and support partnerships and collaboration for inclusive community benefit.



Liveability

Preserving our region and adapting to ensure a sustainable future.

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank report

For year ending 30 June 2024

This past year has been particularly significant for Bendigo Bank and the Community Bank network. After five years apart, we had the opportunity to come together in person and connect in Bendigo at our National Conference in September.

It was lovely to see so many familiar faces and to meet many directors who haven't attended previously. We feel proud to support such an amazing network.

We are committed to our strategy and the qualities that make Bendigo Bank unique, by staying true to our connection with communities, our regional roots, and our position as Australia's most trusted bank.

As Bendigo Bank adapts to the evolving digital landscape and changing customer expectations, the Community Bank Network is organically evolving in response.

Over the past 12 months, we have seen Community Bank companies seek to enhance their presence within their communities more than ever.

This has been through expanding or consolidating branch sites, collaborating with local, state, and national governments to support community initiatives, or by prioritising social value alongside financial performance through Social Trader accreditation.

The anniversary of the Community Bank model, along with changing environmental factors, provides an opportunity to reset and establish a clear pathway towards the next 25 years.

Bendigo Bank's purpose, to feed into the prosperity of communities, and our willingness to ensure our purpose is relevant to the needs of communities in which we are present, is a key contributor to our commercial success.

When we utilise our combined strengths, exercise our imaginations and have the courage to commit to creating our own opportunities, we will be the partner of choice for customers and communities regardless of location or cause.

Community, regional presence, and trust are the distinctive attributes of Bendigo Bank that we have maintained and plan to uphold in the future.

While Bendigo Bank emphasises commercial success, our foundation remains in community values. Our aim is to generate mutual value by providing solutions to local challenges.

On behalf of Bendigo Bank, thank you for being a shareholder in your local Community Bank. Your contribution helps foster economic growth, creates employment opportunities, and provides essential financial services to the members of your community.

Your dedication and support is making a positive impact on your community.

Justine Minne Bendigo and Adelaide Bank

Community Bank National Council report

For year ending 30 June 2024



Community Bank network: celebrating 26 years of empowering communities

This year our Community Bank network celebrated 26 years of providing grassroots support to metro, regional, rural and remote communities across Australia. It's a milestone that has been widely applauded by our customers and partners who recognise the significant role we play in the lives of everyday Australians. We're there when it matters – whether that be as second responders in times of natural disaster, crisis and need; or as community builders, providing resources and support; help and hope.

In the 2022-23 financial year, our Community Bank network gave back more than \$32 million in grants, sponsorships and donations to local community projects and initiatives. Over 26 years, we have returned more than \$324 million to local communities for emergency services; facilities and infrastructure; sport and recreation; education and research; health and wellbeing; art, culture and heritage as well as environment and animal welfare.

As a shareholder in your local Community Bank, you are part of this incredible social enterprise network that is playing an ever-important role in the Australian economy. With close working relationships with local, state and federal government, peak governing bodies, clubs and community organisations, we are integrally connected and in tune with the needs of everyday Australians.

Our Community Bank network is a first mover in Australia with our unique social enterprise model. The first Community Bank opened its doors in 1998, and since then, the network has grown to 305 Community Bank branches. Today we represent a diverse cross-section of Australia with more than 215 community enterprises, 70,000+ shareholders, 1500+ volunteer directors, 1700 staff and 950,000 customers.

Our Community Bank National Council (CBNC) plays a pivotal role in these relationships. The CBNC consists of both elected and appointed members from every state and territory. The role of council is to represent the network with its partners and to engage in strategic planning that delivers positive outcomes for our business and our communities.

The 2024 - 2026 Community Bank National Council Strategic Plan has four key focus areas:

- Impact a planned, deliberate approach with investments that enhance community prosperity.
- Leadership and advocacy to ensure the long-term sustainability of our enterprises.
- Network alignment enabling us to develop and nurture partnerships that align with our defined areas of social impact.
- Commercial prosperity supporting the commercial success of our enterprises.

It is through this strategic plan, which has a foundation built on connection and collaboration, that we will deliver a strong, and secure future for our directors, shareholders, staff and the communities we serve.

Warm regards

Lauren Bean General Manager Community Bank National Council

Directors' report

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024

The Directors present their report of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Limited during or since the end of the financial year up to the date of this report:

David John Mayne

Position Chairman, Director

Professional qualifications Corporate management, Consultant, Director

Experience and expertise David worked in the communication industry for over 35 years, holding positions in

engineering, sales and marketing and commercial management. He has also worked in the mining industry. David has extensive management level experience with a major communication company and was a consultant in infrastructure. David is married with

two children and lives in Mansfield, Victoria

Haley Kate Tudor-Harrop

Position Vice Chair
Professional qualifications Accountant

Experience and expertise B.Bus(Acc), Chartered Accountant, GAICD. Elected member of the Community Bank

National Council, Non - Executive Director Goulburn Valley Water, Committee Member Mansfield & District Basketball Assoc Inc, Previous Non Executive Director at Lake Mountain Resort Management Board, Previous Board member at MACE Inc.

Russell Bryant

Position Director

Professional background Executive Management, finance industry professional

Experience and expertise Bachelor of Business (IT & Acc), Grad Diploma (Banking & Finance), CPA (lapsed).

Currently Chief Operating Officer at Allied Credit and board member for Inchcape

Financial Services Australia & Riders Finance Group.

John Gifford

Director (Appointed November 2021)

Position Company Secretary

Professional qualifications Lawyer

Experience and expertise Lawyer with PAE of 4 years, marketing and product development for small business,

current President of the Mansfield and District Business Association

Directors (continued)

Amy Lee Clapham

Position Treasurer
Professional qualifications Accountant

Experience and expertise B.Bus (Acc) CPA. Accountant at Proactive Tax & Business Services.

Previously employed at Langley McKimmie Chartered Accountants & Stephen Bates CPA. Previous Treasurer - Mansfield Football Netball Club and Woodend Hesket Football Netball Club. Committee member Bonnie Doon Football Netball Club

Nicole Su-Yin Nally

Position Director

Professional qualifications Business Development and Regional Representative, Aquatic Informatics Experience and expertise A registered professional Engineer. Business Development and Regional

Representative for Aquatic informatics. Past committee member Australian Water Association, Engineers Without Borders and Institute of Engineers Australia. MBA.

Peter Valerio

Position Director
Professional qualifications Director

Experience and expertise Marketing Strategy, Research & Strategic planning. Undertaken global marketing

strategy work for a wide range of government and semi government bodies.

Caroline Trenfield

Position Director (Retired 28/11/2023)
Professional qualifications Human Resources Manager

Experience and expertise Human Resources professional with experience working across a number of different

sectors and currently employed at Mansfield Autism Statewide Services as a Human

Resources Manager

Lyndsey Jackman

Position Director

Professional qualifications Executive M,anagement, ski industry professional, consultant

Experience and expertise Bachelor of Design, MBA.Currently the General Manager of Mt Hotham Alpine Resort

and Board Director of Tourism North East. Extensive experience in operational strategy,

stakeholder engagement and commercial operations.

Bonnie Clark

Position Director (Appointed 5 July 2024)

Professional qualifications Bachelor of International Development

Experience and expertise Community development expertise locally and internationally, experience in social

enterprise and not-for-profit sector strategic development. Graduate of Alpine Valleys Community Leadership Program and previous Vice President of Mansfield Bush

Market.

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the company.

Directors' meetings

Attendances by each Director during the year were as follows:

				Com	mittee me	etings atte	ended	
	Board M	1eetings		nunity t Team	Finc	ince	Gover	nance
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В
Haley Kate Tudor-Harrop	12	10	11	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Amy Lee Clapham	12	10	N/A	N/A	11	11	N/A	N/A
Nicole Sun Nally	12	8	N/A	N/A	11	11	4	4
Peter Valerio	12	11	11	9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lyndsey Jackman	12	9	11	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Russell Bryant	12	7	N/A	N/A	11	5	3	3
Jon Gifford	12	10	1	1	N/A	N/A	4	4
Caroline Trenfield	5	4	N/A	N/A	5	3	2	2
David John Mayne	12	10	11	2	11	9	N/A	N/A

A - The number of meetings eligible to attend.

Company Secretary

Jon Gifford became the Company Secretary of Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Limited in November 2021. John is a qualified legal practitioner.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company during the course of the financial year were in providing Community Bank branch services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Review of operations

The profit of the company for the financial year after provision for income tax was \$173,495 (2023: \$285,020).

COVID-19 Impact on Operations

The spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary interventions to stabilise economic conditions. The entity continues to comply with government directions re social distancing and the implementations of measures to ensure the safety of the staff and members of the public during the COVID-19 pandemic. To date there has been no detrimental effect on the entity's financial position or performance. This will be continued to be monitored in the coming months.

The company has determined that these events have not required any specific adjustments with the financial reports. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank response, remain unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as any impact on the financial position and results of the company for future periods.

B - The number of meetings attended.

N/A - not a member of that committee.

Dividends

Dividends paid or declared since the start of the financial year.

A fully franked final dividend of 7 cents per share was declared and paid during the year for the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: 5 cents franked).

Options

No options over issued shares were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding as at the date of this report.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

No significant changes in the company's state of affairs occurred during the financial year.

Events subsequent to the end of the reporting period

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that significantly affect or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company, in future financial years.

Likely developments

The company will continue its policy of providing banking services to the community.

Environmental regulations

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

The company has indemnified all Directors and the Manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or Manager of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving lack of good faith. The company also has Directors and Officers insurance for the benefit of Officers of the company against any liability occurred by the officer, which includes officer's liability for legal costs, in or arising out of the conduct of the business of the company or in or arising out of the discharge of the officer's duties.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The company has not provided any insurance for an Auditor of the company.

Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or any part of those proceedings. The company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Auditor independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is included in this financial report. No Officer of the company is or has been a partner of the Auditor of the company.

Remuneration report

Remuneration policy

There has been no remuneration policy developed as Director positions are held on a voluntary basis and Directors are not remunerated for their services.

Remuneration report (continued)

Remuneration benefits and payments

Other than detailed below, no Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Equity holdings of key management personnel

The number of ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year and prior year by each Director and other key management personnel, including their related parties, are set out below:

Director's Name	Balance at 30th June 2024	Net change in holdings	Balance at 30th June 2024
Haley Kate Tudor-Harrop	5,503	-	5,503
Russell Bryant	-	-	-
Amy Lee Clapham	1,000	-	1,000
Nicole Su-Yin Nally	3,000	-	3,000
Peter Valerio	-	-	-
Jon Gifford	-	-	-
Lydsey Jackman	-	-	-
Caroline Trenfield	-	-	_
David John Mayne	11,328	-	11,328

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Mansfield, Victoria on 20th September 2024.

Jon Gifford Secretary

Auditor's independence declaration

Best Accounting & Audit

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Mansfield and District Community Enterprises Limited.

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2024 there have been no contraventions of:

- i) the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

BEST ACCOUNTING & AUDIT

Paul Best

Registered Company Auditor

211 Anstruther Street Echuca VIC 3564

Date this 11th day of September, 2024

ABN: 98 122 378 774
P O Box 336, Echuca VIC 3564
211 Anstruther Street, Echuca VIC 3564
Phone (03) 5482 1198

Financial statements

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenues from ordinary activities	2	1,261,643	1,445,519
Other Income	2	21,876	7,096
Employee benefits expense	3	(476,624)	(448,334)
Charitable donations and sponsorship	3	(317,535)	(416,313)
Occupancy Expenses		(30,977)	(30,606)
Systems Costs		(36,275)	(19,645)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(65,078)	(57,392)
Finance costs	3	(11,677)	(11,608)
Other expenses from ordinary activities		(108,136)	(107,120)
Profit before income tax expense		237,217	361,597
Income tax expense	4	(63,722)	(76,577)
Profit after income tax expense		173,495	285,020
Other comprehensive income:			
Total comprehensive income attributable to members		173,495	285,020
Earnings per share (cents per share)			
- basic/ diluted earnings per share	22	0.31	0.50
- dividends paid per share		0.07	0.05

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current assets			*
Cash and cash equivalents	6	619,015	968,667
Trade and other receivables	7	117,472	139,182
Other assets	8	4,917	6,291
Total current assets		741,404	1,114,140
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	9	442,351	117,455
Intangible assets	10	45,803	60,266
Right Of Use Asset	8	133,917	176,207
Total non-current assets		622,071	353,928
Total assets		1,363,475	1,468,068
Current liabilities			
Tax Payable	4	26,084	54,668
Trade and other payables	11	142,496	320,661
Short-term provisions	12	19,536	19,845
Lease Liability	8	41,210	37,024
Total current liabilities		229,326	432,198
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred income tax liability	4	1,290	846
Lease Liability	8	105,228	146,438
Long-term provisions	12	10,453	5,230
Total non-current Liabilities		116,971	152,514
Total liabilities		346,297	584,712
Net assets		1,017,178	883,356
Equity			
Share capital	13	540,893	540,893
Retained earnings	14	476,285	342,463
Total equity		1,017,178	883,356

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3O JUNE 2024

	Note	Issued capital \$	Accumulated profits	Reserves \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2022		540,893	85,780	-	626,673
Profit/Loss for the year			285,020	-	285,020
Adjustments due to change in AASB	14		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year			370,800	-	911,693
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners				-	
Share issued during the year			-	-	-
Share buyback issued during the year			-	-	-
Dividends paid or provided	14		(28,337)	-	(28,337)
Balance at 30 June 2023		540,893	342,463	-	883,356
Balance at 1 July 2023		540,893	342,463	-	883,356
Profit/Loss for the year			173,495	-	173,495
Overprovision for tax			-	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year			515,958	-	1,056,851
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners					
Share issued during the year			-	-	-
Share buyback issued during the year			-	-	-
Dividends paid or provided	14		(39,673)	-	(39,673)
Balance at 30 June 2024		540,893	476,285	-	1,017,178

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash receipts in the course of operations	1,282,282	1,404,111
Cash receipts from other sources	-	-
Cash payments in the course of operations	(1,188,464)	(759,596)
Interest received	(21,876)	7,096
Interest Paid	(11,676)	(11,608)
Income tax paid	(91,862)	(4,083)
Net cash flows from operating activities	60,266	635,920
Cash flows from investing activities		
Variance		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(333,221)	-
(Payments)/Withdrawl for financial assets / term deposits	-	-
Payments for Intangible assets	-	(72,320)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(333,221)	(72,320)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of borrowings		-
Repayment of Lease liability	(37,024)	(35,449)
Dividend paid	(39,673)	(28,337)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(76,697)	(63,786)
Net increase in cash held	(349,652)	499,814
Cash at beginning of financial year	968,667	468,583
Cash at the end of financial year	619,015	968,667

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

No	ote 2024 \$	2023 \$
(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash and cash equivalents	619,015	968,667
	619,015	968,667
(b) Reconciliation of profit after tax to net cash provided from/ (used in) operating activities		
Profit after income tax	173,495	285,020
Add (Less) non-cash flows in profit from ordinary activities:		
Depreciation & amortisation	65,078	57,392
Add (Less): changes in assets & liabilities		
- (Increase) decrease in receivables	20,639	(47,661)
- (Increase) decrease in other assets	2,444	1,169
- Increase (decrease) in payables	(178,165)	360,612
- Increase (decrease) in provisions	(23,225)	(20,612)
- Overprovision for Tax	-	-
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	60,266	635,920

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the Financial Report

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Company is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 20th September 2024 by the directors of the Company.

Economic dependency

The company has entered a franchise agreement with Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited that governs the management of the Community Bank branch at Mansfield.

The branch operate as a franchise of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. The company manages the CommunityBank branch on behalf of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, however all transactions with customers conducted through the CommunityBank branch are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

All deposits are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, must be approved by Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited, and all credit products are products of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited.

(b) Income tax

The income tax expense (income) for the year comprises current income tax expense (income) and deferred tax expense (income).

Current income tax expense charged to profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well as unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense (income) is charged or credited outside profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are recognised outside profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled and their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability. With respect to non-depreciable items of property, plant and equipment measured at fair value and items of investment property measured at fair value, the related deferred tax liability or deferred tax asset is measured on the basis that the carrying amount of the asset will be recovered entirely through sale.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the Financial Report (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present for details of impairment.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the company includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Asset	Depreciation rate
Buildings	2.5%
Plant & Equipment	10-67%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

(d) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability is recognised by the Company where the Company is a lessee. However, all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (lease with remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Initially the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at the commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are as follows:

- fixed lease payments less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options;
- lease payments under extension options if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the Financial Report (continued)

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability as mentioned above, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date as well as any initial direct costs. The subsequent measurement of the right-of-use assets is at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset whichever is the shortest.

Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Company anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

(e) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is the date that the Company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments (except for trade receivables) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component or if the practical expedient was applied as specified in AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost; or
- fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is measured at fair value through profit or loss if the financial liability is initially designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

All other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest expense in profit or loss over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the internal rate of return of the financial asset or liability. That is, it is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the instrument to the net carrying amount at initial recognition.

A financial liability cannot be reclassified.

Financial Assets

Financial assets are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost;
- fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- fair value through profit or loss

Measurement is on the basis of two primary criteria:

- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset; and
- the business model for managing the financial assets.

A financial asset that meets the following conditions is subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is managed solely to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the Financial Report (continued)

A financial asset that meets the following conditions is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates; and
- the business model for managing the financial asset comprises both contractual cash flows collection and the selling of the financial asset.

By default, all other financial assets that do not meet the measurement conditions of amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(f) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

(g) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The company's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The company's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees.

Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The company's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

(h) Intangibles

Franchise Fees have been initially recorded at cost annually and amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 100% per annum.

(i) Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. When the inflow of consideration is deferred it is treated as the provision of financing and is discounted at a rate of interest that is generally accepted in the market for similar arrangements. The difference between the amount initially recognised and the amount ultimately received is interest revenue.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the Financial Report (continued)

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. When the inflow of consideration is deferred it is treated as the provision of financing and is discounted at a rate of interest that is generally accepted in the market for similar arrangements. The difference between the amount initially recognised and the amount ultimately received is interest revenue.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point of delivery as this corresponds to the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and the cessation of all involvement in those goods.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method. Dividend revenue is recognised when the right

to receive a dividend has been established. All revenue is stated net of the amounts of goods and services tax.

Revenue is deferred when management fees are received upfront but where associated services are yet to be performed.

(j) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from customers for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment.

(k) Interest bearing liabilities

All loans are measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

(I) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions or other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A provision for dividend is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

(m) Contributed capital

Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

(n) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Where the company retrospectively applies an accounting policy, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

(o) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company.

(p) Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown as borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Note 1. Basis of preparation of the Financial Report (continued)

(r) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the entity that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

(s) Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Note 2. Revenue from ordinary activities	·	·
Operating activities		
- fees	1,261,643	1,445,519
Total revenue from operating activities	1,261,643	1,445,519
Non-operating activities:		
- interest received	21,876	7,096
- government payments	-	-
Total revenue from non-operating activities	21,876	7,096
Total revenue from ordinary activities	1,283,519	1,452,615

Note 3. Expenses

Profit from ordinary activities before income tax expense has been determined after:

Employee benefits expense		
- wages and salaries, leave	403,225	397,034
- superannuation costs	48,316	42,521
- other costs	23,408	8,779
	476,624	448,334
Community Contributions		
- sponsorship	192,922	317,399
Other advertising and promotions		
- donations		3,400
- advertising	9,174	8,285
- marketing	33,592	11,909
- marketing contractor	81,847	75,320
	317,535	416,313

	2024	202
	\$;
Note 3. Expenses (continued)		
Depreciation and amortisation:		
Depreciation		
- furniture & fittings	2,587	2,22
- computer equipment	47	6
- leasehold improvements	4,334	3,40
- motor vehicle	1,356	1,80
Amortisation		
- intangibles	14,464	14,64
- Right-of-Use Amortisation	42,290	35,24
	65,078	57,39
Finance Costs:		
- interest paid lease liability	11,677	11,60
	11,677	11,60
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax		
Note 4. Income tax expense The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:		
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25%	59,304	90,39
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of:	59,304	90,39
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses	4,418	90,399
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of:		
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses	4,418	(13,822
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense	47 4,334 1,356 14,464 42,290 65,078 11,677 11,677 11,677 4 ax is reconciled to the income tax 4 at 25% 59,304 63,722 7	(13,822
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise:	4,418 63,722	(13,822 76,57)
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax	4,418 63,722 63,723	(13,822 76,57) 76,57
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax Tax payable	4,418 63,722 63,723 (4,418) 59,305	(13,822 76,57) 76,57 13,82
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax	4,418 63,722 63,723 (4,418) 59,305	76,57 76,57 76,57 13,82 90,39
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax Tax payable Current tax (refundable)/payable	4,418 63,722 63,723 (4,418) 59,305	(13,822 76,57) 76,57 13,82 90,39 9
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax Tax payable Current tax (refundable)/payable Deferred income tax liability	4,418 63,722 63,723 (4,418) 59,305 26,084 26,084	76,57 76,57 13,82 90,399 54,666
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax Tax payable Current tax (refundable)/payable Deferred income tax liability Future income tax benefits arising from deductible temporary differences are recognised to the extent that profits will be available against which such	4,418 63,722 63,723 (4,418) 59,305	76,57 76,57 13,82 90,399 54,666
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax Tax payable	4,418 63,722 63,723 (4,418) 59,305 26,084 26,084	(13,822 76,57) 76,57) 13,82 90,39 9 54,666 54,66 6
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax Tax payable Current tax (refundable)/payable Deferred income tax liability Future income tax benefits arising from deductible temporary differences are recognised to the extent that profits will be available against which such differences can be utilised.	4,418 63,722 63,723 (4,418) 59,305 26,084 26,084 (1,290)	(13,822 76,57) 76,57) 13,82 90,39 9 54,666 54,66 6
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows: Prima facie tax on profit before income tax at 25% Add tax effect of: - timing difference expenses Current income tax expense The components of tax expense comprise: Current tax Deferred tax Tax payable Current tax (refundable)/payable Deferred income tax liability Future income tax benefits arising from deductible temporary differences are recognised to the extent that profits will be available against which such	4,418 63,722 63,723 (4,418) 59,305 26,084 26,084 (1,290)	76,57 76,57 76,57 13,82 90,39

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Note 6. Cash and cash equivalent		
Cash at bank and on hand	319,015	418.667
Term Deposits	300,000	550,000
Тепт Верозіся	619,015	968,667
Note 7. Trade and other receivables		
Trade debtors	116,354	136,994
Other receivables	1,118	2,188
	117,472	139,182
Note 8. Other		
Current:		
Prepayments	4,917	6,291
	4,917	6,291
Non-Current		
Right of Use Asset	211,448	211,448
Less: accumulated depreciation	(77,531)	(35,241)
	133,917	176,207
The Company's lease relates to the Branch Building. The lease has a 5-year term expiring August 2027. i) AASB 16 related amounts recognised in the balance sheet		
Right of use assets - Leased Property:		
Make Good Asset		_
Right-of-use asset (net of accumulated depreciation)	133,917	176,207
Straight Line Lease liability	-	_
Make Good Provision	-	_
Lease Incentive Accrual	-	_
Lease liability (current)	(41,210)	(37,024)
Lease liability (non current)	(105,228)	(146,438)
ii) AASB 16 related amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss		
Depreciation charge related to right-of-use assets	42,290	35,241
Interest expense on lease liabilities	11,677	11,608
Adjustment for Overclaimed Interest/Amortisation prior years	0	
Total 12 month cash outflows for lease	53,967	46,849

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment		
Leasehold Improvements		101010
At cost	433,028	136,068
Less: accumulated depreciation	(38,357)	(34,023)
	394,671	102,045
Computer Software		
At cost	12,336	12,336
Less: accumulated depreciation	(12,228)	(12,181)
	108	155
Motor Vehicles		
At cost	35,504	35,504
Less: accumulated depreciation	(31,437)	(30,080)
	4,067	5,424
Furniture & Fittings		
At cost	188,032	151,771
Less: accumulated depreciation	(144,527)	(141,940)
	43,505	9,831
Total written down amount	442,351	117,455
Movements in carrying amounts		
Leasehold Improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	102,045	105,447
Additions	296,960	-
Disposals	-	-
Depreciation expense	(4,334)	(3,402)
Carrying amount at end of year	394,671	102,045
Computer Software		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	155	222
Additions	-	-
Disposals / Adjustments	-	-
Depreciation expense	(47)	(67)
Carrying amount at end of year	108	155
Motor Vehicles		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	5,424	7,232
Additions	-	-
Disposals / Adjustments	_	-
Depreciation expense	(1,356)	(1,808)

	2024 \$	2023
Note O. Droposty, Plant and Equipment (continued)		
Note 9. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)		
Furniture & Fittings		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	9,831	12,060
Additions	36,261	
Disposals / Adjustments	-	
Depreciation expense	(2,587)	(2,229
Carrying amount at end of year	43,505	9,83
Total Plant & Equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	117,454	124,960
Additions	-	
Disposals / Adjustments	-	
Depreciation expense	(8,324)	(7,506
Carrying amount at end of year	109,130	117,45
		117,40
Note 10. Intangible assets		,
, ,	72,319	
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost		72,31
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation	(26,516)	72,31 ⁽
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost		72,31 ⁽
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee	(26,516)	72,319 (12,053 60,26 6
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets	(26,516) 45,803	72,319 (12,053 60,26 6 2,599
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee Balance at beginning of year	(26,516) 45,803 60,266	72,31 ⁴ (12,053 60,26 2,59
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee Balance at beginning of year Additions Disposals	(26,516) 45,803 60,266 0	72,31 ⁴ (12,053 60,26 2,59; 72,31 ⁴
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee Balance at beginning of year Additions Disposals Amortisation expense	(26,516) 45,803 60,266 0	72,31 (12,053 60,26 2,59 72,31 (14,645
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee Balance at beginning of year Additions	(26,516) 45,803 60,266 0 - (14,463)	72,31° (12,053 60,26 2,59 72,31°
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee Balance at beginning of year Additions Disposals Amortisation expense Balance at end of year	(26,516) 45,803 60,266 0 - (14,463)	72,31 ⁴ (12,053 60,26 2,59 72,31 ⁴ (14,645
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee Balance at beginning of year Additions Disposals Amortisation expense	(26,516) 45,803 60,266 0 - (14,463)	72,319 (12,053 60,26 6 2,599 72,319 (14,645
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee Balance at beginning of year Additions Disposals Amortisation expense Balance at end of year Note 11. Trade and other payables	(26,516) 45,803 60,266 0 - (14,463)	72,319 (12,053 60,26 2,597 72,319 (14,645 60,26
Note 10. Intangible assets Franchise Fee At Cost Less accumulated amortisation Total Intangible Assets Franchise Fee Balance at beginning of year Additions Disposals Amortisation expense Balance at end of year Note 11. Trade and other payables Unsecured liabilities	(26,516) 45,803 60,266 0 - (14,463) 45,803	72,319 (12,053 60,26 2,599 72,319 (14,645 60,26

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Note 12. Provisions		
Current:		
Provision for annual leave	18,101	12,513
Provision for long service leave	1,435	7,332
	19,536	19,845
Non-Current		
Provision for long service leave	10,453	5,230
	10,453	5,230
Note 13. Share capital 566,753 Ordinary Shares fully paid of \$1 each	566,753	566,753
Less: Equity Raising Costs	(25,860)	(25,860)
	540,893	540,893
Note 14. Retained Earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	342,463	85,780
Profit after income tax	173,495	285,020
Dividends paid	(39,673)	(28,337)
Adjustments to AASB Accounting Standards	-	-
Overprovision for tax	-	-
Balance at the end of the financial year	476,285	342,463

Note 15. Related party disclosures

No Director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the Company.

Note 16. Directors shareholdings

Haley Tudor Harrop	5,503	5,503
Amy Clapham	1,000	1,000
Nicole Nally	3,000	3,000
David Mayne	11,328	11,328
Janene Ridley	756	756

Each share held has a paid up value of \$1 and is fully paid.

Note 17. Subsequent events

There have been no other events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 18. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 19. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the financial services sector where it provides banking services to its clients. The economic entity operates in regional areas of Eastern Victoria.

The economic entity operates in one area being Mansfield, Victoria. The company has a franchise agreement in place with Bendigo and Adelaide bank Limited who account for 100% of the revenue.

Note 20. Corporate information

Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Ltd is a Company limited by shares incorporated in Australia.

The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered Office:

96-98 High St Mansfield VIC 3722

Principal places of Business:

96-98 High St Mansfield VIC 3722

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Note 21. Dividends paid or provided for on ordinary shares		
Franked dividends Paid - 5 cents per share (4 cents 2021)	39,673	28,337
The tax rate at which dividends have been franked is 25%		
Franking Account Balance		
- Franking Credits Available at the end of the financial year	192,154	126,953
Note 22. Earnings per share		
Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit / (loss) after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.	0.31	0.50
Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit / (loss) after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year (adjusted for the effects of any dilutive options or preference shares).	0.31	0.50
The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:		
Profit after income tax expense	173,495	285,020
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic and diluted earnings per share earnings per share	566,753	566,753
Earnings per share	0.31	0.50

Note 23. Financial Risk Management

Net fair values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the statement of financial position. The Company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at year end.

Maturity analysis

Financial Instrument	_	j interest ite	Within o	one year	1 to 5 y	ears	Non in bea		Weigh averd effective rate	ige interest
	202 <i>4</i> \$	2023 \$	202 <i>4</i> \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$	202 <i>4</i> \$	2023 \$
Cash and cash equivalent	619,015	968,667	619,015	968,667	-	-	_	-		
Trade and other receivables	117,472	139,181	117,472	139,181	-	-	117,472	139,181	N/A	N/A
Total financial assets	736,487	1,107,848	736,487	1,107,848	-	-	117,472	139,181		
Trade and other payables	142,496	320,661	142,496	320,661	-	-	142,496	320,661	N/A	N/A
Borrowings	-	0	-	0	-	_	-	N/A		
Total financial liabilities	142,496	320,661	142,496	320,661	-	-	142,496	320,661		

The Company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk from their use of financial instruments.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework.

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. For the Company it arises from receivables and cash assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date was:

	736,487	1,107,848
Trade and other receivables	117,472	139,181
Cash and cash equivalents	619,015	968,667
	2024 \$	2023 \$

The Company's exposure to credit risk is limited to Australia by geographic area. Significant part of this balance is due from Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd.

None of the assets of the Company are past due and based on historic default rates, the Company believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of assets not past due.

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities with Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company ensures it will have enough liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity management is carried out within the guidelines set by the Board.

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Note 23. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Typically, the Company maintains sufficient cash on hand to meet expected operational expenses, including the servicing of financial obligations. This excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

The following are the estimated contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments.

Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables are short-term instruments whose carrying amounts approximate their fair values. Trade and other payables exclude amounts relating to the provision of annual leave and deferred revenue, which are outside the scope of AASB 139.

	Carrying amount \$	Contractual cash flows \$	1 year or less \$	Over 1 to 5 years \$	More than 5 years \$
30-Jun-24					
Trade and other payables	142,496	-	142,496	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
	142,496	-	142,496	-	-
30-Jun-23					
Trade and other payables	320,661	-	320,661	-	-
Borrowings	0	-	0	-	-
	320,661	-	320,661	-	-

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company reviews the exposure to interest rate risk as part of the regular board meetings.

Sensitivity analysis

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was:

Fixed rate instruments

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Financial assets (fixed rate)	300,000	550,000
Financial assets (floating rate)	319,015	418,667
Financial liabilities (floating rate)	-	-
	619,015	968,667

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments.

The Company does not account for any fixed interest rate financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

(d) Net fair values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Balance Sheet. The Company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at year end.

Note 23. Financial Risk Management (continued)

(e) Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the Company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Balance Sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the Distribution Limit.

- (i) the Distribution Limit is the greater of:
 - (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the Franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
 - (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the Relevant Rate of Return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the Franchisee over that 12 month period; and
- (ii) the Relevant Rate of Return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the Company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2024 can be seen in the Income Statement. There were no changes in the Company's approach during the year.

Directors' declaration

For the financial year ended 30 June 2024

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Limited, the directors of the company declare that:

- 1) the financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of the performance for the 12 months ended on that date of the company;
- 2) in the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;

Jon Gifford Secretary

20th September 2024

Independent audit report

Best Accounting & Audit

Independent Auditors Report to the Members of

Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Limited (the company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion:

The financial report of Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001:

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

ABN: 98 122 378 774
P O Box 336, Echuca VIC 3564
211 Anstruther Street, Echuca VIC 3564
Phone (03) 5482 1198

Independent audit report (continued)

Information Other than the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

Independent audit report (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BEST ACCOUNTING & AUDIT

Paul Best Registered Company Auditor

211 Anstruther Street Echuca, VIC 3564

Dated this 11th day of September 2024

Community Bank · Mansfield & District 96 -98 High Street, Mansfield VIC 3722 Phone: 03 5775 3273 Fax: 03 5779 1973 Email: mansfieldmailbox@bendigoadelaide.com.au Web: bendigobank.com.au/mansfield

Franchisee: Mansfield & District Community Enterprises Limited ABN: 92 124 069 914 96 -98 High Street, Mansfield VIC 3722



