Annual Report 2024

Warrandyte Community
Financial Services Limited

Community Bank Warrandyte

ABN 70 102 635 147



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Chair's report

For year ending 30 June 2024

Welcome to the Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited (WCFSL) Annual Report for the year ending 30 June 2024. I am happy to report that 2024 has been another successful year financially with increases in our deposit and lending book despite rate rises and cost of living pressures.

This year the Board of WCFSL is thrilled to announce that we have achieved a significant milestone of over \$5 million invested in community infrastructure, projects and activities that grow and improve this special place we call home. We take great joy and enthusiasm in acting on shareholders' behalf to deliver on-the-ground, transforming community outcomes. Total Community contributions for the 2023/24 year were over \$390,000 with an additional \$275,500 paid to the Community Enterprise Foundation for future community projects.

In addition to this, we have returned over \$1.27 million to our shareholders in dividends. The Board has declared a dividend of 10 cents per share, fully franked, for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 which will be payable to shareholders registered on the share register at 30 June 2024 (Record Date).

Our new Branch Manager, Jo Kontogiorgis, has been successful in quickly establishing strong ties in the community and with our customers, and along with Stewart Gibb, Jodie Philipsen, Cameron MacKay and Jessica King have facilitated a growth in loan and deposit balances of nearly \$10 million. I would like to thank Jo and the team - good financial results do not happen without the absolute support and dedication from our staff. I also take this opportunity to thank my fellow Board members for volunteering their time, their professionalism and their ongoing commitment.

During the year, Monica Piery and Claire Jones retired as Directors and we extend our sincere thanks to Monica and Claire for their excellent contribution to the Board over their extensive periods of service. We have onboarded two new Directors throughout the year, Timothy Evans and Dennis Clark, both of whom have already made positive contributions.

Working closely with the team is our Community Liaison Officer, Jaime Noye, who broadens our connections and finds new ways to support organisations and groups across our community. Some of the significant partnerships we are proud of this year include the local CFA brigades and SES which continues our commitment to emergency services, youth education with our support of school infrastructure upgrades, Love Your Sister Campaign - Sam's 1000 and Foodbank. We continue our partnership with many sports and leisure clubs servicing all age groups, and a broad range of environmental and cultural groups and activities.

As Chair of WCFSL and alongside my other board members John Provan, Leanne Whitmore, Emma MacDougal, Paul McCarthy, Timothy Evans and Dennis Clark, I hope that you are filled with the same pride that we are. This community's decision to take matters into their own hands and purchase a franchise of the Bendigo Bank has had a ripple effect no one could have predicted. Your commitment as shareholders and customers is what has delivered this extraordinary impact, and we are not done. So now to the next phase of WCFSL, is our request of shareholders to approve the move to becoming an accredited social enterprise. As you have read in your Shareholder materials, the WCFSL board is looking for your approval to take this significant next step.

Becoming a social enterprise gives us the validation for all the work that we have done together in creating this impactful organisation. In fact, we have always been a social enterprise, but when we started servicing our community in 2003 that accreditation didn't exist. As our business has evolved, now it's time to take that next step. We are the very definition of 'Business with Purpose', and that's what a social enterprise does.

It is anticipated that 2024/25 will again be a good year for us financially, which will provide us with exciting opportunities to keep strengthening our community into the future.

Chair's report (continued)

Finally, I would like to thank our customers and shareholders for their continuing support. I remind all shareholders that the Community Bank model relies on support from our local community. As shareholders, you too play an important part in the model, leading by example, so please take full advantage of our banking services, and encourage family, friends and others to do the same. The ongoing success of our Community Bank model relies on ongoing local support and participation.

Thank you for your support, and please keep telling the story of what your banking and shareholding delivers for our community.

Aaron Farr Chair

Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2024

I would firstly like to acknowledge and thank our loyal customers of Community Bank Warrandyte, we are proud to have contributed over \$390,000 to local organizations over the past year. This brings our total community contributions since 2003 to over \$5.2 million. We should all take great pride in this achievement, especially considering the challenging conditions in the banking industry over the past year.

Economically, we have experienced the challenges of rising interest rates and the overall cost of living. This has posed difficulties for our customers, their families, and the wider community, prompting many of us to reassess how we go about our daily spend and most importantly, our banking habits. Despite our challenges, our staff proudly demonstrated excellent customer service, compassion, empathy and care to our customers leading to positive customer experiences and outcomes. I would like to take the time to show gratitude to our staff, Stewart Gibb, Jodie Philipsen, Jessica King, and Cameron MacKay for their efforts.

We experienced a number of staffing changes over the past year to support and promote growth within our business. I am extremely privileged to have joined the team as the new Branch Manager and embrace the opportunity to make a strong impact within our community. I am excited to see our branch grow and also very excited most importantly to be serving our customers daily. We said farewell to Ryan Alves and thank him for his contributions to Community Bank Warrandyte and wish him the very best for his future endeavours. Stewart Gibb, our former manager remains a senior member of our branch, leveraging his expertise as Customer Relationship Officer.

The successes of our branch would not be possible without the support of our customers and the community. If you haven't yet chosen to bank with Community Bank Warrandyte, I invite you to consider the following ways to support us:

- Allow us to have the opportunity to assist you with your banking needs by transferring your banking to Community Bank Warrandyte.
- Mention our branch and lovely staff members to the community groups and organizations you're involved with.

- Encourage your family and friends to bank with us as well as the recipients of our sponsorship grants
- Bank with us but also advocate for Community Bank Warrandyte.

Community Bank Warrandyte serves as a genuine alternative to the four major banks. Bendigo Bank offers a wide array of lending, insurance, business, and wealth creation products, along with a growing digital banking platform.

We take pride in our unique approach. When you choose to bank with Community Bank Warrandyte, your local community benefits. We aim to reinvest up to 80% of our profits into community initiatives. Bendigo Bank is committed to expanding its digital banking offerings, affording customers the option to bank online or visit Community Bank Warrandyte for traditional service. No matter how you choose to bank, we are dedicated to providing excellent service.

It's encouraging to see the positive influence Community Bank Warrandyte continues to have in our community. Our strength lies in our partnerships with the people of Warrandyte, Wonga Park, Park Orchards, and the surrounding areas.

Thank you to the Board of Directors and administrative team for their unwavering leadership and commitment to enhancing our community and thanks also to our shareholders for their vital role in sustaining Community Bank Warrandyte.

Finally, a huge thank you to our community groups, local clubs, and especially our customers for choosing us as their Community Bank. Without our customers, none of this would be possible.

Your continued support and advocacy are the driving forces behind our business, and I look forward to another successful year ahead.

Jo Kontogiorgis Branch Manager

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank report

For year ending 30 June 2024

This past year has been particularly significant for Bendigo Bank and the Community Bank network. After five years apart, we had the opportunity to come together in person and connect in Bendigo at our National Conference in September.

It was lovely to see so many familiar faces and to meet many directors who haven't attended previously. We feel proud to support such an amazing network.

We are committed to our strategy and the qualities that make Bendigo Bank unique, by staying true to our connection with communities, our regional roots, and our position as Australia's most trusted bank.

As Bendigo Bank adapts to the evolving digital landscape and changing customer expectations, the Community Bank Network is organically evolving in response.

Over the past 12 months, we have seen Community Bank companies seek to enhance their presence within their communities more than ever.

This has been through expanding or consolidating branch sites, collaborating with local, state, and national governments to support community initiatives, or by prioritising social value alongside financial performance through Social Trader accreditation.

The anniversary of the Community Bank model, along with changing environmental factors, provides an opportunity to reset and establish a clear pathway towards the next 25 years.

Bendigo Bank's purpose, to feed into the prosperity of communities, and our willingness to ensure our purpose is relevant to the needs of communities in which we are present, is a key contributor to our commercial success.

When we utilise our combined strengths, exercise our imaginations and have the courage to commit to creating our own opportunities, we will be the partner of choice for customers and communities regardless of location or cause.

Community, regional presence, and trust are the distinctive attributes of Bendigo Bank that we have maintained and plan to uphold in the future.

While Bendigo Bank emphasises commercial success, our foundation remains in community values. Our aim is to generate mutual value by providing solutions to local challenges.

On behalf of Bendigo Bank, thank you for being a shareholder in your local Community Bank. Your contribution helps foster economic growth, creates employment opportunities, and provides essential financial services to the members of your community.

Your dedication and support is making a positive impact on your community.

Justine Minne Bendigo and Adelaide Bank

Directors' report

30 June 2024

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Name: Aaron Michael William Farr Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: B.Com., Grad Dip LP, LL.B. Principal Lawyer, Rush & Hampshire Barristers &

Solicitors, Warrandyte. Captain, Wonga Park Fire Brigade.

Special responsibilities: Chair, Member of Finance & Governance Committee.

Name: Emma Lorne MacDougal
Title: Non-executive director
Experience and expertise: B.A., LL.B., LL.M. Lawyer.

Special responsibilities: Vice Chair, Chair of Finance & Governance Committee.

Name: Leanne Whitmore Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Chartered Accountant (CA) with experience in public practice accounting and private

accounting. B.Com., B.Bus (Sys), Grad Dip ICAA.

Special responsibilities: Treasurer, Member of Finance & Governance Committee

Name: Paul Anthony McCarthy Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Founder of the Business Support Network Pty Ltd. Degree in Community

Development, Certified Speaking Professional with 20 years experience in marketing,

branding and communications.

Special responsibilities: Member of the Communications & Public Relations Committee.

Name: John Gary Provan
Title: Non-executive director

Experience and expertise: Founding Director of Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited. Former

registered domestic/commercial builder. Previous banking experience.

Name: Timothy John Evans

Title: Non-executive director (appointed 5 December 2023)

Experience and expertise: Senior Corporate & Franchise Executive. Director at Fone Zone (Telstra subsidiary).

GAICD.

Special responsibilities: Chair of Communications & Public Relations Committee.

Name: Dennis John Clark

Title: Non-executive director (appointed 14 June 2024)

Experience and expertise: Extensive workplace experience including auditor, accountant, finance director, chief

financial officer, risk management, strategy and corporate governance. Dennis operates a consulting business and holds the following professional qualifications,

FGIA, FCG, FAICD, FCPA & FCA. He has a BEc and DipEd.

Special responsibilities: Member of Finance & Governance Committee.

Name: Claire Louise Jones

Title: Non-executive director (resigned 12 April 2024)

Experience and expertise: Variety of roles within the banking sector. BSC Hons Mathematics and Management

Science.

Special responsibilities: Chair of Communications & Public Relations Committee.

Directors' report (continued)

Name: Monica Isobel Piery

Title: Non-executive director (resigned 1 February 2024)

Experience and expertise: Boards and Committee Officer, with extensive corporate governance in ASX listed

companies.

Special responsibilities: Vice Chair, Member of Finance & Governance Committee.

Company secretary

The company secretary is Jacqueline (Jacqui) Anne Thompson. Jacqueline was appointed on 6 December 2021.

Jacqui has extensive experience in HR management and corporate risk & governance and has a BBehSc and Cert. Governance Practice.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

Review of operations

The profit for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$76,628 (30 June 2023: \$65,359).

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations.

Dividends

During the financial year, the following dividends were provided for and paid. The dividends have been provided for in the financial statements.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Fully franked dividend of 10 cents per share (2023: 10 cents) Fully franked special dividend of 5 cents per share	67,946	67,946 33,973
	67,946	101,919

Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 1 July 2023, Bendigo Bank updated the Funds Transfer Pricing (FTP) base rate on certain deposits which has reduced the income earned on these products.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments

No matter, circumstance or likely development in operations has arisen during or since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

Directors' report (continued)

Meetings of directors

The number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors') attended by each of the directors' of the company during the financial year were:

	Board		Communications & Public Relations Committee		Finance & Governance Committee	
	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended	Eligible	Attended
Aaron Michael William Farr	12	11	_	-	4	4
Emma Lorne MacDougal	12	10	-	-	4	4
Leanne Whitmore	12	12	-	-	4	4
Paul Anthony McCarthy	12	11	10	10	-	-
John Gary Provan	12	7	-	-	-	-
Timothy John Evans	6	6	6	6	-	-
Dennis John Clark	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claire Louise Jones	9	8	7	7	-	-
Monica Isobel Piery	4	4	-	-	1	1

Directors' benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by directors shown in the company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Directors' interests

The interest in company shareholdings for each director are:

	Balance at the start of the year	Changes	Balance at the end of the year
Aaron Michael William Farr	1	-	1
Emma Lorne MacDougal	1	-	1
Leanne Whitmore	1	-	1
Paul Anthony McCarthy	1	-	1
John Gary Provan	10,000	-	10,000
Timothy John Evans	-	1	1
Dennis John Clark	-	-	-
Claire Louise Jones	1	-	1
Monica Isobel Piery	1	(1)	-

Shares under option

There were no unissued ordinary shares of the company under option outstanding at the date of this report.

Shares issued on the exercise of options

There were no ordinary shares of the company issued on the exercise of options during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report.

Indemnity and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and management in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or management of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance.

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

Directors' report (continued)

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Non-audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 24 to the accounts.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and
 objectivity of the auditor
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in
 APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own
 work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or
 jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Aaron Michael William Farr Non-executive director

22 September 2024

Auditor's independence declaration



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

Lead Auditor

Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550 Dated: 22 September 2024

Financial statements

Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue from contracts with customers	7	1,702,318	1,987,584
Other revenue Finance revenue Total revenue	-	53,090 1,755,408	7,309 35,140 2,030,033
Employee benefits expense Advertising and marketing costs Occupancy and associated costs System costs Depreciation and amortisation expense Finance costs General administration expenses Total expenses before community contributions and income tax expense	8 8	(615,454) (18,424) (22,915) (27,738) (89,579) (60,290) (153,928) (988,328)	(547,286) (33,037) (25,008) (27,093) (106,436) (25,893) (145,749) (910,502)
Profit before community contributions and income tax expense		767,080	1,119,531
Direct donations, sponsorship and grants expense	8	(666,602)	(1,031,419)
Profit before income tax expense		100,478	88,112
Income tax expense	9	(23,850)	(22,753)
Profit after income tax expense for the year		76,628	65,359
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-		
Total comprehensive income for the year	:	76,628	65,359
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	26 26	11.28 11.28	9.62 9.62

Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Investments Current tax assets Total current assets	10 11 12 9	334,980 184,114 950,384 	50,373 249,275 1,127,794 7,163 1,434,605
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Total non-current assets	13 14 15 9	97,922 784,615 55,560 14,366 952,463	117,115 821,438 69,450 2,391 1,010,394
Total assets		2,421,941	2,444,999
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Current tax liabilities Employee benefits Total current liabilities	16 17 9	65,620 86,093 21,705 42,653 216,071	102,469 24,755 - 44,857 172,081
Non-current liabilities Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Employee benefits Total non-current liabilities	16 17	45,838 763,132 20,490 829,460	61,117 832,547 11,526 905,190
Total liabilities		1,045,531_	1,077,271
Net assets		1,376,410	1,367,728
Equity Issued capital Retained earnings	18	657,286 719,124	657,286 710,442
Total equity		1,376,410	1,367,728

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Financial statements (continued)

Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	Issued capital \$	Retained earnings \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2022		657,286	747,002	1,404,288
Profit after income tax expense Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income			65,359 	65,359 - 65,359
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Dividends provided for or paid	20	-	(101,919)	(101,919)
Balance at 30 June 2023	:	657,286	710,442	1,367,728
Balance at 1 July 2023		657,286	710,442	1,367,728
Profit after income tax expense Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	76,628 -	76,628 -
Total comprehensive income		-	76,628	76,628
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: Dividends provided for or paid	20		(67,946)	(67,946)
Balance at 30 June 2024	:	657,286	719,124	1,376,410

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Financial statements (continued)

Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST) Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST) Interest received Income taxes paid		1,942,960 (1,708,571) 48,615 (6,957)	2,076,510 (1,942,623) 23,731 (5,773)
Net cash provided by operating activities	25	276,047	151,845
Cash flows from investing activities Redemption of/(investment) in term deposits Payments for property, plant and equipment Payments for intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	12	177,410 - (14,592)	(347,643) (46,886) (14,592) 14,546
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	-	162,818	(394,575)
Cash flows from financing activities Interest and other finance costs paid Dividends paid Repayment of lease liabilities	20	(60,290) (67,946) (26,022)	(25,893) (101,919) (57,904)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(154,258)	(185,716)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	-	284,607 50,373	(428,446) 478,819
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	10	334,980	50,373

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2024

Note 1. Reporting entity

The financial statements cover Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited (the company) as an individual entity, which is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The company is an unlisted public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is 144-146 Yarra Street, Warrandyte VIC 3113.

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activity is included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

Note 2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis and are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to pay its debts as and when they fall due for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 22 September 2024. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Note 3. Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies that are material to the company are set out either in the respective notes or below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are mandatory for the current financial year. A description of the impact of new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have had a material impact on the company during the current financial year is outlined below:

AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates is mandatory for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and was adopted by the company in the preparation of the 30 June 2024 financial statements.

AASB 2021-2 includes amendments to AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, requiring the company to disclose material accounting policy information in its financial statements rather than significant accounting policies which was required in previous financial years. Accounting policy information is material if it, when considered with other information, could reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users based on the financial statements.

Adoption of AASB 2021-2 has had no impact on the numerical information disclosed in the company's financial statements. Rather, adoption has required the company to remove significant accounting policy information from the notes to the financial statements that is not considered material.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

An assessment of accounting standards and interpretations issued by the AASB that are not yet mandatorily applicable to the company has been performed. No new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not mandatory have been early adopted, nor are they expected to have a material impact on the company in future financial years.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

Note 3. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Investments

Investments includes non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities where the company has the positive intention and ability to hold the financial asset to maturity. This category excludes financial assets that are held for an undefined period. Investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method adjusted for any principal repayments. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.

Impairment of financial assets

The company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the company's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding expense through profit or loss. In all other cases, the loss allowance reduces the asset's carrying value with a corresponding expense through profit or loss.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires the directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. The directors continually evaluate their judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses.

The directors base their judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Differences between the accounting judgements and estimates and actual results and outcomes are accounted for in future reporting periods. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Judgements

Timing of revenue recognition associated with trail commission

The company receives trailing commission from Bendigo Bank for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on a monthly basis when earned as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of revenue without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission revenue is outside the control of the company.

Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

The company has not recognised an allowance for expected credit losses in relation to trade and other receivables for the following reasons:

- The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end.
- The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit. The directors are not aware of any such non-compliance at balance date.
- The company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company.
- The company has not experienced any instances of default in relation to receivables owed to the company from Bendigo Bank.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions. The directors did not identify any impairment indications during the financial year.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the company considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Lease term

The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the right-of-use asset and lease liability. Judgement is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term.

In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the company's operations, comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates, incurrence of significant penalties, existence of significant leasehold improvements and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

The company includes extension options applicable to the lease of branch premises in its calculations of both the right-ofuse asset and lease liability except where the company is reasonably certain it will not exercise the extension option. This is due to the significant disruption of relocating premises and the loss on disposal of leasehold improvements fitted out in the leased premises.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Estimates and assumptions

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for the company's lease agreements, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. This rate is based on what the company estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

Note 5. Economic dependency

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank. The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry in June 2028.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations
- providing payroll services.

Note 6. Change to comparative figures

Calculation of right-of-use asset cost and accumulated depreciation

On adoption of AASB 16 Leases on 1 July 2019, the company previously recognised the right-of-use asset cost and accumulated depreciation on a gross basis from the commencement of the lease as if AASB 16 had always been applied by the company.

Note 6. Change to comparative figures (continued)

During the financial year the company recorded a change in accounting policy, whereby it elected to recognise the right-ofuse asset net of accumulated depreciation on initial adoption of AASB 16. The change in accounting policy had no impact on the company's net profit or net asset position, however it did increase the company's right-of-use asset cost and accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2023 by \$3,048.

Note 7. Revenue from contracts with customers

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Margin income	1,578,167	1,873,976
Fee income	58,658	56,703
Commission income	65,493	56,905
	1,702,318_	1,987,584

Accounting policy for revenue from contracts with customers

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement, as follows:

Revenue stream	<u>Includes</u>	<u>Performance obligation</u>	I iming of recognition
Franchise agreement profit	Margin, commission, and fee	When the company satisfies	On completion of the provision
share	income	its obligation to arrange for the	of the relevant service.
		services to be provided to the	Revenue is accrued monthly
		customer by the supplier	and paid within 10 business
		(Bendigo Bank as franchisor).	days after the end of each
			month

All revenue is stated net of the amount of GST. There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company which are margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services. The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates, interest rates and funds transfer pricing and other factors, such as economic and local conditions.

Margin income

plus:

Margin income on core banking products is arrived at through the following calculation:

Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit

minus: any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo Bank to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Note 7. Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Commission income

Commission income is generated from the sale of products and services. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation. Refer to Note 4 for further information regarding key judgements applied by the directors in relation to the timing of revenue recognition from trail commission.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Core banking products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank may change the form and amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service.

Bendigo Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo Bank may make.

Note 8. Expenses

Employee benefits expense

	\$	\$
Wages and salaries	518,287	466,629
Non-cash benefits	5,410	4,406
Superannuation contributions	56,850	48,415
Expenses related to long service leave	8,964	2,588
Other expenses	25,943	25,248
	615,454	547,286

2024

2022

Note 8. Expenses (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation expense	2024 \$	2023 \$
Depreciation of non-current assets Leasehold improvements Plant and equipment Motor vehicles	10,240 3,508 5,445 19,193	15,856 6,301 4,088 26,245
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Leased land and buildings	56,496	66,969
Amortisation of intangible assets Franchise fee Franchise renewal fee	2,315 11,575 13,890	2,204 11,018 13,222
	89,579	106,436
Leases recognition exemption	2024 \$	2023 \$
Expenses relating to low-value leases	8,755	10,129

The company pays for the right to use information technology equipment. The underlying assets have been assessed as low value and exempted from recognition under AASB 16 Leases. Expenses relating to low-value exempt leases are included in system costs expenses.

Finance costs	2024 \$	2023 \$
Lease interest expense	60,290	25,893
Finance costs are recognised as expenses when incurred using the effective interest rate.		
Charitable donations, sponsorships and grants expense	2024 \$	2023 \$
Direct donation, sponsorship and grant payments Contribution to the Community Enterprise Foundation™	132,950 533,652	122,092 909,327
	666,602	1,031,419

The overarching philosophy of the Community Bank model, is to support the local community in which the company operates. This is achieved by circulating the flow of financial capital into the local economy through community contributions (such as donations, sponsorships and grants).

The funds contributed to and held by the Community Enterprise Foundation™ (CEF) are available for distribution as grants to eligible applicants for a specific purpose in consultation with the directors.

When the company pays a contribution in to the CEF, the company loses control over the funds at that point. While the directors are involved in the payment of grants, the funds are not refundable to the company.

Note 8. Expenses (continued)

Community Enterprise Foundation™ contributions

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Disaggregation of CEF funds		
Opening balance	531,431	204,110
Contributions paid in	533,652	909,327
Grants paid out	(250,679)	(537,735)
Interest received	21,800	3,228
Contributions recognised as a creditor	47,499	(47,499)
Balance available for distribution	883,703	531,431

During the financial year the company contributed funds to the Community Enterprise Foundation™ (CEF), the philanthropic arm of the Bendigo Bank. These contributions paid in form part of charitable donations, sponsorships and grants expenditure included in profit or loss.

Note 9. Income tax

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Income tax expense Current tax Movement in deferred tax Under/over adjustment	37,818 (11,975) (1,993)	8,341 14,412 -
Aggregate income tax expense	23,850	22,753
Prima facie income tax reconciliation Profit before income tax expense	100,478	88,112
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25%	25,120	22,028
Tax effect of: Non-deductible expenses	723	725
Under/over adjustment	25,843 (1,993)	22,753
Income tax expense	23,850	22,753
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Deferred tax assets Property, plant and equipment Employee benefits Lease liabilities Accrued expenses Income accruals Right-of-use assets Prepayments	(11,744) 15,786 212,306 1,050 (4,301) (196,154) (2,577)	(16,077) 14,096 214,325 1,000 (3,182) (205,359) (2,412)
Deferred tax asset	14,366	2,391

Note 9. Income tax (continued)

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Income tax refund due		7,163
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Provision for income tax	21,705	_

Accounting policy for income tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by the changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Accounting policy for current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Accounting policy for deferred tax

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	334,980	50,373
Note 11. Trade and other receivables		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Trade receivables	156,512	226,901
Other receivables Accrued income Prepayments	90 17,203 10,309 27,602 184,114	12,728 9,646 22,374 249,275
	2024	2023
Financial assets at amortised cost classified as trade and other receivables Total trade and other receivables less other receivables and accruals (net GST refund owed by the ATO)	184,114 	249,275 (58,649)
	184,114	190,626

Note 11. Trade and other receivables (continued)

Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end.

Note 12. Investments

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current assets Term deposits	950,384	1,127,794
Note 13. Property, plant and equipment		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Leasehold improvements - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	183,464 (133,310) 50,154	183,464 (123,070) 60,394
Plant and equipment - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	104,836 (92,974) 11,862	104,835 (89,465) 15,370
Motor vehicles - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	43,559 (7,653) 35,906 97,922	43,559 (2,208) 41,351 117,115

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipment	Motor vehicles \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	76,250	18,344	9,117	103,711
Additions	-	3,327	43,559	46,886
Disposals	-	-	(7,237)	(7,237)
Depreciation	(15,856)	(6,301)	(4,088)	(26,245)
Balance at 30 June 2023	60,394	15,370	41,351	117,115
Depreciation	(10,240)	(3,508)	(5,445)	(19,193)
Balance at 30 June 2024	50,154	11,862	35,906	97,922

Accounting policy for property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Note 13. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements1 to 30 yearsPlant and equipment2 to 20 yearsMotor vehicles8 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Note 14. Right-of-use assets

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Land and buildings - right-of-use Less: Accumulated depreciation	1,110,019 (325,404) _	1,090,345 (268,907)
	<u>784,615</u> _	821,438

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Land and buildings \$
Balance at 1 July 2022 Remeasurement adjustments Depreciation expense	729,166 159,241 (66,969)
Balance at 30 June 2023 Remeasurement adjustments Depreciation expense	821,438 19,673 (56,496)
Balance at 30 June 2024	784,615

Accounting policy for right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment and are adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Refer to note 17 for more information on lease arrangements.

Note 15. Intangible assets

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Franchise fee	22,593	22,593
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(13,334)	(11,019)
	9,259	11,574
Franchise renewal fee	112,969	112,969
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(66,668)	(55,093)
	46,301	57,876
	55,560	69,450

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Franchise fee	Franchise renewal fee \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	2,203	11,018	13,221
Additions	11,575	57,876	69,451
Amortisation expense	(2,204)	(11,018)	(13,222)
Balance at 30 June 2023	11,574	57,876	69,450
Amortisation expense	(2,315)	(11,575)	(13,890)
Balance at 30 June 2024	9,259	46,301	55,560

Additions

During the previous financial year the franchise fee was renewed and is being amortised over five years to June 2028.

Accounting policy for intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The franchise fees paid by the company are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Asset class	<u>Method</u>	<u>Useful life</u>	Expiry/renewal date
Franchise fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	June 2028
Franchise renewal fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	June 2028

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Note 16. Trade and other payables

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current liabilities Trade payables Other payables and accruals	2,801 62,819	61,168 41,301
	65,620	102,469
Non-current liabilities Other payables and accruals	45,838	61,117
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Financial liabilities at amortised cost classified as trade and other payables Total trade and other payables less other payables and accruals (net GST payable to the ATO)	111,458 (5,403)	163,586 <u>-</u>
	106,055	163,586
Note 17. Lease liabilities		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Current liabilities Land and buildings lease liabilities	86,093	24,755
Non-current liabilities Land and buildings lease liabilities	763,132	832,547
Reconciliation of lease liabilities	2024 \$	2023 \$
Opening balance Remeasurement adjustments Lease interest expense Lease payments - total cash outflow	857,302 17,945 60,290 (86,312)	755,965 159,241 25,893 (83,797)
	849,225	857,302

Accounting policy for lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, including renewal options if the company is reasonably certain to exercise such options, discounted using the company's incremental borrowing rate.

The company has applied the following accounting policy choices in relation to lease liabilities:

- The company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components when calculating the lease liability for property leases.
- The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and low-value assets, which include the company's lease of information technology equipment. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Note 17. Lease liabilities (continued)

The company's lease portfolio includes:

Lease	Discount rate	Non-cancellable term	Renewal options available	Reasonab certain to exercise o	•	Lease date us calcula	
Warrandyte branch	7.25%	5 years	2 x 5 years	Yes		May 20)38
Note 18. Issued capit	tal						
			2024 Shares	2023 Shares	202 ⁴ \$	ı	2023 \$
Ordinary shares - fully Less: Equity raising co	•		679,460	679,460		,460 ,174)	679,460 (22,174)
			679,460	679,460	657	,286	657,286

Accounting policy for issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company being \$1 per share. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Rights attached to issued capital

Ordinary shares

Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Note 18. Issued capital (continued)

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company
 predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and their associates) has a prohibited shareholding interest in are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 19. Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period;
 and
- subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital
 of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate
 on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the financial year can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 20. Dividends

Dividends provided for and paid during the period

The following dividends were provided for and paid to shareholders during the financial year as presented in the Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Fully franked dividend of 10 cents per share (2023: 10 cents) Fully franked special dividend of 5 cents per share	67,946 	67,946 33,973
	67,946	101,919

Accounting policy for dividends

Dividends are recognised when declared during the financial year and no longer at the discretion of the company.

Franking credits	Fran	king	credits
------------------	------	------	---------

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Franking account balance at the beginning of the financial year Franking credits (debits) arising from income taxes paid (refunded)	376,409 6.957	414,609 (4,227)
Franking debits from the payment of franked distributions	(22,649) 360,717	(33,973) 376,409
Franking transactions that will arise subsequent to the financial year end:		
Balance at the end of the financial year	360,717	376,409
Franking credits (debits) that will arise from payment (refund) of income tax	21,705	(7,163)
Franking credits available for future reporting periods	382,422	369,246

The ability to utilise franking credits is dependent upon the company's ability to declare dividends. The tax rate at which future dividends will be franked is 25%.

Note 21. Financial risk management

Financial risk management objectives

The company's financial instruments include trade receivables and payables, cash and cash equivalents, investments and lease liabilities. The company does not have any derivatives.

The directors are responsible for monitoring and managing the financial risk exposure of the company, to which end it monitors the financial risk management policies and exposures and approves financial transactions within the scope of its authority.

The directors have identified that the only significant financial risk exposures of the company are liquidity and market (price) risk. Other financial risks are not significant to the company due to the following factors:

- The company has no foreign exchange risk as all of its account balances and transactions are in Australian Dollars.
- The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings, Bendigo Bank is rated BBB+ on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.
- The company has no direct exposure to movements in commodity prices.
- The company's interest-bearing instruments are held at amortised cost which have fair values that approximate their carrying value since all cash and payables have maturity dates within 12 months.
- The company has no borrowings.

Further details regarding the categories of financial instruments held by the company that hold such exposure are detailed below.

Note 21. Financial risk management (continued)

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Trade and other receivables (note 11)	184,114	190,626
Cash and cash equivalents (note 10)	334,980	50,373
Term deposits (note 12)	950,384	1,127,794
	1,469,478	1,368,793
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables (note 16)	106,055	163,586
Lease liabilities (note 17)	849,225_	857,302
	955,280	1,020,888

At balance date, the fair value of financial instruments approximated their carrying values.

Accounting policy for financial instruments

Financial assets

Classification

The company classifies its financial assets at amortised cost.

Financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial asset.

The company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and investments in term deposits.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the company's contractual right to its cash flows expires, or the asset is transferred in such a way that all the risks and rewards of ownership are substantially transferred.

Impairment of trade and other receivables

Impairment of trade receivables is determined using the simplified approach which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The company has not recognised an allowance for expected credit losses in relation to trade and other receivables. Refer to note 4 for further information.

Financial liabilities

Classification

The company classifies its financial liabilities at amortised cost.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised then it is extinguished, cancelled or expires.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments.

Interest-bearing assets and liabilities are held with Bendigo Bank and earnings on those are subject to movements in market interest rates. The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$334,980 and term deposits of \$950,384 at 30 June 2024 (2023: \$50,373 and \$1,127,794).

Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Note 21. Financial risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

The following are the company's remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The contractual cash flow amounts are gross and undiscounted and therefore may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

2024	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities \$
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Total non-derivatives	65,620 88,901 154,521	45,838 379,689 425,527	864,048 864,048	111,458 1,332,638 1,444,096
2023	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities \$
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities Total non-derivatives	102,469 86,097 188,566	61,117 371,002 432,119	960,950 960,950	163,586 1,418,049 1,581,635

Note 22. Key management personnel disclosures

The following persons were directors of Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited during the financial year and/or up to the date of signing of these Financial Statements.

Aaron Michael William Farr Emma Lorne MacDougal Leanne Whitmore Paul Anthony McCarthy John Gary Provan Timothy John Evans Dennis John Clark Claire Louise Jones Monica Isobel Piery

Compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised the following.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Non-executive director payments	7,500	8,000

Compensation of the company's key management personnel paid to the non-executive Chair and non-executive Directors is intended to compensate volunteer Directors for incurred expenses.

Note 23. Related party transactions

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 22.

Receivable from and payable to related parties

There were no trade receivables from or trade payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Note 23. Related party transactions (continued)

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	2024 \$	2023 \$	
Wonga Park Fire Brigade received sponsorship during the period. Aaron Farr is the Captain. Love Your Sister Foundation received sponsorship during the period. Paul McCarthy's partner	60,000	-	
is the CEO.	1,200	-	

Note 24. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the company:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Audit services - AFS Audit or review of the financial statements	6,450	5,400
Other services - AFS Taxation advice and tax compliance services General advisory services	1,514 3,070	1,433 3,330
	4,584	4,763
	11,034	10,163

Note 25. Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Profit after income tax expense for the year	76,628	65,359
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation Net gain on disposal of non-current assets Lease liabilities interest	89,579 - 60,290	106,436 (7,309) 25,893
Change in operating assets and liabilities: Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables Decrease in income tax refund due Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables Increase in provision for income tax Increase in employee benefits	65,161 7,163 (11,975) (39,264) 21,705 6,760	(120,424) 2,568 14,412 56,765
Net cash provided by operating activities	276,047	151,845

Note 26. Earnings per share

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Profit after income tax	76,628	65,359
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	679,460	679,460
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	679,460	679,460
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	11.28 11.28	9.62 9.62

Accounting policy for earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Note 27. Commitments

The company has no commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

Note 28. Contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report.

Note 29. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Directors' declaration

30 June 2024

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in the notes to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- the company does not have any controlled entities and is not required by the Accounting Standards to prepare
 consolidated financial statements. Therefore, a consolidated entity disclosure statement has not been included as section
 295(3A)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001 does not apply to the entity.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Aaron Michael William Farr Non-executive director

22 September 2024

Independent audit report



Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited (the company), which comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended
- Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- Statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- Notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies
- The directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Warrandyte Community Financial Services Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Andrew Frewin Stewart 61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550 ABN: 65 684 604 390 afs@afsbendigo.com.au 03 5443 0344

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

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As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

Andrew Frewin Stewart

61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550

Dated: 22 September 2024

Joshua Griffin Lead Auditor

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