

Annual Report 2024

Whitsunday Community
Enterprises Limited

Community Bank
Cannonvale-Proserpine

ABN 39 150 376 435

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Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited

Chair report

30 June 2024

The 23-24 financial year started with real hangovers from the Covid era, both at a Branch and Board level, with the second half turning to very positive progress and this has continued through the first half of 24-25.

Our banking operations are in a long-term positive direction, and we are projecting the 24-25 financial year to be the best on record.

Although not the only reason for our turnaround, I must commend our Branch Manager, Amanda Anderson, who joined us in February 2024. Amanda is a long term local with a 20-year banking career. Along with our Business and Agricultural managers, Amanda is providing excellent one-on-one consistent communication with our customers, and that is where we stand out in comparison to our competitors.

We regularly get customer feedback that the direct communication with the total branch team is one of the key reasons they continue to place their banking services with Community Bank Cannonvale & Proserpine, and that starts with our ladies on the front counters.

A genuine thank you to our Branch team.

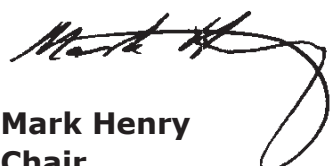
At a Board-level we are experiencing the impacts of one of the main changes seen since Covid. The change in society across our region and greater Australia – the new reluctance for people to volunteer time and expertise. If you are in leadership in any volunteering organisation, you will understand these comments.

Consequently, our Board has been operating for a period of time with only 4 Directors (see later in this Report), which means we have not been as active in the community as in past years. And the flow-on effect of that is less exposure of our Community Bank in the greater community.

Now in October 2024 I can positively report that we have added Brendon Nothard, from Canegrowers Proserpine as a Director, and we are in discussion with several other people interested in stepping up as Directors.

To encourage community volunteering, the Board is proposing a small remuneration package for the overall Board. This will be a motion to be put at the coming Annual General Meeting in November. This is allowed for under Clause 52 of our Constitution. As per other similar Community Banks, this will be a small token of reimbursement for the time involved in performing Director duties.

And finally, a genuine thank you to those shareholders who conduct their banking with Community Bank Cannonvale & Proserpine.



Mark Henry
Chair

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited

Community Bank Branch Manager Report

30 June 2024

With over ten years branch management and banking specialist experience, I was thrilled to be appointed Branch Manager of Community Bank Cannonvale & Proserpine in March 2024 and lead a customer focused team to service the local community and our customers with their financial journey.

Since my appointment in March, the major priorities for the branch and team were capability building, asking for new business, and looking at where we can save money and be more efficient.

As a result, we have seen positive growth in deposits and lending by being more proactive with our customers, having better conversations for higher quality home loan referrals, and stronger relationships with our customers, mobile lenders and Bendigo Bank business partners.

One of the major reasons I chose to join Community Bank Cannonvale & Proserpine was to be part of an organisation that is so involved and invested in the local community. This year, Whitsunday Community Enterprise Limited has supported these wonderful organisations with sponsorship and our BBQ Community Trailer:

Canegrowers Proserpine	Whitsunday Cruisin Car Club
Cannonvale State School	Whitsunday Dirt Riders
Creative Connections	Whitsunday Motosports Karting
Great Barrier Reef Festival	Whitsunday Netball Association
Outrigger Whitsunday	Whitsunday Old Iron Restorers Club
Paul Bowman Challenge	Whitsunday Swimming Club
Proserpine Scout Group	Whitsunday Tourism Awards
Raiders Rugby Union	Whitsunday Triathlon Club
Show Whitsunday	Whitsunday United Football Club
Tourism Whitsundays	Whitsundays Chamber of Commerce and Industry
Whitsunday Australian Football League	Whitsundays Got Talent
Whitsunday Brahmans Rugby League	Whitsundays Writers Festival

The branch sincerely thanks shareholders John Penhallurick and Peter Halsey for their tireless efforts in coordinating our trailer. Also to Steve Knox from ABS Automotive Centre Cannonvale who donated a yearly trailer service so it continues to be an in-demand community asset.

I wish to personally thank the branch team – Chantelle, Danica, Natasha and Kareen – for welcoming and supporting me. Together we are the team behind the region’s only bank that offers face-to-face full banking service with lenders and bankers, open 9:30am-4pm Monday to Friday.

We also acknowledge and thank our Bendigo Bank Regional Manager, Jackie Sequin, who has always been there to support and guide us on a day-to-day basis, and the expertise and enthusiasm of Bendigo Bank’s Business Bankers Harriet McLennan and Luke Sheppard who are regularly in the Whitsundays.

Finally, a vote of thanks to our Board of Directors who continue to support Community Bank Cannonvale & Proserpine.

To the year ahead, the branch team wants to be the bank of choice in the region for customer service and lending, business and rural banking so we can continue to deliver positive growth. We invite our shareholders to join us in achieving this goal and welcome you and your networks to bank with us.

Amanda Anderson
Branch Manager

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited

Directors' report

30 June 2024

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the company for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the company during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Name:	Mark Clifford Henry
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	Business Advisor. Mark has over 30 years direct experience in general and financial management in the small and medium business sector. Business qualifications include: Master of Business Administration (Bond) and Fellow of the Institute of Public Accountants. Mark has 10 years experience in Community Banking - 5 years at Varsity Lakes as a Director and Chair, joining Whitsunday Community Enterprises in 2018, as Chair for the past 4 years. Locally Mark also volunteers as Treasurer for Volunteer Marine Rescue Whitsundays Inc.; Music Evolution Project Inc.; Strings Whitsunday Inc.
Special responsibilities:	Chair
Name:	Krystine Margaret Halsey
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	Retired. Worked as a conveyancing clerk in Darwin before moving to the Whitsundays in 1987 where she married and had two children, and has worked in the family business as an office administrator. Has also worked as a book keeper in a part time capacity for many years. Has held a Treasurer position for a local sporting club.
Special responsibilities:	Treasurer
Name:	Ross Percy David Hughes
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	Retired teacher. Diploma of teaching – Primary school teacher and deputy principal (36 years). School and Community Leadership positions: Educational administrator (27 years); Member- Proserpine Community Centre Management Committee; Life member – Proserpine State School P&C Association; Pianist/Organist at Proserpine Whitsunday Uniting and Anglican Churches; Member/Organist/Treasurer of Masonic Lodges in Nth QLD; Member – Whitsunday Friends of the Theatre; Musician in community choir; Whitsunday Regional Council citizen of the year 2013.
Special responsibilities:	Member of Market Development Fund (MDF) Committee - Community Engagement
Name:	Caitlyn Maree Fleming
Title:	Non-executive director
Experience and expertise:	Caitlyn is a Business consultant with experience as a Marketing & Communications professional in the tourism for 10 years before starting a business consultancy specialising in small business success. They hold a Diploma of Business and certificates in Bookkeeping and Project Management.
Special responsibilities:	Company secretary, member of Governance Sub-Committee and Market Development Fund (MDF) Committee
Name:	Kim Maree Porter
Title:	Non-executive director (appointed 28 November 2023 and resigned 26 June 2024)
Experience and expertise:	Kim holds a bachelor of business. Kim is a Manager at Humminbird Refrigeration, Electrical & Air Conditioning (2015 to current) and Practice Manager/Accounts with Bogie & Co, Solicitors (2015 to current). Kim is the Chair of Community Heart Project (activity of Proserpine Whitsunday Uniting Church) (2023 to current) and previously a Board Member for Whitsunday Coast Chamber of Commerce (2022 to 29/05/2024).
Special responsibilities:	Nil.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2024

Name: Gus Thomas Walsgott
Title: Non-executive director (resigned 7 February 2024)
Experience and expertise: Chartered Accountant. Small Business Financial Counsellor. Small Business Owner. Vice President Chamber Commerce.
Special responsibilities: Vice Chair

Name: Gail Vivian Anderson
Title: Non-executive director (resigned 20 October 2023)
Experience and expertise: Gail is a consultant and Adjudication Agent: Semi-Retired. Gail is a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, and is a qualified Mediator registered with the Resolution Institute. She is a practicing Adjudication Agent and also holds a Diploma of Teaching. Her career includes extensive Administration, Training, Office Management and Executive Assistant experience in the Construction industry. Gail has been a voluntary committee member and enthusiastic participant in several sporting clubs in both Victoria and Queensland for the majority of her adult life. Gail is passionate about her local community. Gail was a member of the Cardwell & District Community Bank for 5 years and was Deputy Chair for her final two years. She was a member of both the Compliance committee as well as the HR committee.
Special responsibilities: Member of the Risk and Governance Committee and Business Development & Community Engagement Committee.

Company secretary

The company secretary is Caitlyn Maree Fleming. Caitlyn was appointed to the position of company secretary on 1 January 2022.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was facilitating Community Bank services under management rights of Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited (Bendigo Bank).

There have been no significant changes in the nature of this activity during the financial year.

Review of operations

The loss for the company after providing for income tax amounted to \$41,441 (30 June 2023: profit of \$117,143).

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations in what were challenging market conditions for most of the financial year.

Dividends

During the financial year, the following dividends were declared.

	2024
	\$
Unfranked dividend of 4 cents per share	<u><u>32,001</u></u>

Significant changes in the state of affairs

On 1 July 2023, Bendigo Bank updated the Funds Transfer Pricing (FTP) base rate on certain deposits which has reduced the income earned on these products.

In April 2024, the company reduced its bank overdraft limit from \$200,000 to \$50,000. Refer to note 2 and note 16 for further information.

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the company during the financial year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2024

Likely developments and expected results of operations

No matter, circumstance or likely development in operations has arisen during or since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company.

Environmental regulation

The company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

Meetings of directors

The number of directors meetings attended by each of the directors of the company during the financial year were:

	Board	
	Eligible	Attended
Mark Clifford Henry	9	8
Krystine Margaret Halsey	9	8
Ross Percy David Hughes	9	6
Caitlyn Maree Fleming	9	6
Kim Maree Porter	4	3
Gus Thomas Walsgott	5	5
Gail Vivian Anderson	3	3

Eligible: represents the number of meetings held during the time the director held office.

Directors' benefits

No director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a director, a firm which a director is a member or an entity in which a director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 23 to the financial statements.

Directors' interests

The interest in company shareholdings for each director are:

	Balance at the start of the year	Changes	Balance at the end of the year
Mark Clifford Henry	1,501	-	1,501
Krystine Margaret Halsey	6,052	-	6,052
Ross Percy David Hughes	-	-	-
Caitlyn Maree Fleming	2,000	-	2,000
Kim Maree Porter	-	-	-
Gus Thomas Walsgott	-	-	-
Gail Vivian Anderson	-	-	-

Shares under option

There were no unissued ordinary shares of the company under option outstanding at the date of this report.

Shares issued on the exercise of options

There were no ordinary shares of the company issued on the exercise of options during the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report.

Indemnity and insurance of directors and officers

The company has indemnified all directors and management in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors or management of the company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Directors' report
30 June 2024

Proceedings on behalf of the company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the company with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Indemnity and insurance of auditor

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

Non-audit services

The company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (Andrew Frewin Stewart) for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in note 24 to the accounts.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

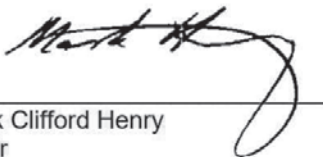
- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the board to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality, integrity and objectivity of the auditor
- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants*, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the company, acting as an advocate for the company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the directors



Mark Clifford Henry
Chair

14 October 2024



Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550
ABN: 65 684 604 390
afs@afsbendigo.com.au
03 5443 0344

Independent auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* to the Directors of Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550
Dated: 14 October 2024

Lachlan Tatt
Lead Auditor

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue from contracts with customers	7	583,740	639,612
Other revenue		-	26,993
Finance revenue		96	76
Total revenue		<u>583,836</u>	<u>666,681</u>
Employee benefits expense	8	(377,085)	(316,532)
Advertising and marketing costs		(6,483)	(4,407)
Occupancy and associated costs		(16,676)	(9,938)
System costs		(16,186)	(15,426)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	8	(76,864)	(58,141)
Impairment of assets	8	(21,618)	-
Finance costs	8	(9,605)	(15,536)
General administration expenses		(79,239)	(71,222)
Total expenses before community contributions and income tax expense		<u>(603,756)</u>	<u>(491,202)</u>
Profit/(loss) before community contributions and income tax (expense)/benefit		(19,920)	175,479
Charitable donations, sponsorships and grants expense		<u>(29,523)</u>	<u>(19,288)</u>
Profit/(loss) before income tax benefit/(expense)		(49,443)	156,191
Income tax benefit/(expense)	9	<u>8,002</u>	<u>(39,048)</u>
Profit/(loss) after income tax benefit/(expense) for the year		(41,441)	117,143
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>(41,441)</u>	<u>117,143</u>
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	26	(5.18)	14.64
Diluted earnings per share	26	(5.18)	14.64

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	4,123	20,738
Trade and other receivables	11	11,493	20,774
Total current assets		<u>15,616</u>	<u>41,512</u>
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	86,964	112,928
Right-of-use assets	13	82,442	111,548
Intangible assets	14	37,853	82,031
Deferred tax assets	9	145,185	137,183
Total non-current assets		<u>352,444</u>	<u>443,690</u>
Total assets		<u>368,060</u>	<u>485,202</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	29,494	21,699
Borrowings	16	3,557	-
Lease liabilities	17	52,810	42,091
Total current liabilities		<u>85,861</u>	<u>63,790</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	14,276	28,552
Lease liabilities	17	100,558	152,438
Lease make good provision		6,865	6,480
Total non-current liabilities		<u>121,699</u>	<u>187,470</u>
Total liabilities		<u>207,560</u>	<u>251,260</u>
Net assets		<u>160,500</u>	<u>233,942</u>
Equity			
Issued capital	18	768,948	768,948
Accumulated losses		<u>(608,448)</u>	<u>(535,006)</u>
Total equity		<u>160,500</u>	<u>233,942</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	Issued capital \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2022		768,948	(652,149)	116,799
Profit after income tax expense		-	117,143	117,143
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income		-	117,143	117,143
Balance at 30 June 2023		<u>768,948</u>	<u>(535,006)</u>	<u>233,942</u>
Balance at 1 July 2023		768,948	(535,006)	233,942
Loss after income tax benefit		-	(41,441)	(41,441)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-	-
Total comprehensive income		-	(41,441)	(41,441)
<i>Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:</i>				
Dividends provided for or paid	20	-	(32,001)	(32,001)
Balance at 30 June 2024		<u>768,948</u>	<u>(608,448)</u>	<u>160,500</u>

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Statement of cash flows
For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)		651,395	738,927
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		(575,032)	(512,418)
Interest received		96	76
Interest and other finance costs paid		(157)	(3,963)
Net cash provided by operating activities	25	<u>76,302</u>	<u>222,622</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment	12	-	(5,618)
Payments for intangible assets		(12,978)	(12,978)
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(12,978)</u>	<u>(18,596)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest and other finance costs paid		(9,096)	(11,573)
Dividends paid	20	(32,001)	-
Repayment of lease liabilities		(42,399)	(36,750)
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(83,496)</u>	<u>(48,323)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(20,172)	155,703
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>20,738</u>	<u>(134,965)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	10	<u><u>566</u></u>	<u><u>20,738</u></u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 1. Reporting entity

The financial statements cover Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited (the company) as an individual entity, which is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The company is an unlisted public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is 87A, 8-28 Galbraith Park Drive, Cannonvale QLD 4802

A description of the nature of the company's operations and its principal activity is included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

Note 2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual and historical cost basis and are presented in Australian dollars, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 14 October 2024. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

Going concern

The financial statements for the financial year end 30 June 2024 have been prepared on the basis that the company is a going concern and it would continue its operations for a foreseeable future.

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Directors' Report. As disclosed in the financial statements, the company's financial position is as follows:

	2024 \$	2023 \$	Change \$	Change %
Current assets	15,616	41,512	(25,896)	(62%)
Current liabilities	(85,861)	(63,790)	(22,071)	35%
Working capital (deficiency)	<u>(70,245)</u>	<u>(22,278)</u>	<u>(47,967)</u>	215%
	2024 \$	2023 \$	Change \$	Change %
Total assets	368,060	485,202	(117,142)	(24%)
Total liabilities	(207,560)	(251,260)	43,700	(17%)
Net assets	<u>160,500</u>	<u>233,942</u>	<u>(73,442)</u>	(31%)
Accumulated losses	(608,448)	(535,006)	(73,442)	14%
Profit/(loss) before tax	(49,443)	156,191	(205,634)	(132%)
Profit/(loss) after tax	(41,441)	117,143	(158,584)	(135%)
Total comprehensive income	(41,441)	117,143	(158,584)	(135%)
Operating cash inflows	76,302	222,622	(146,320)	(66%)
Cash and cash equivalents	4,123	20,738	(16,615)	(80%)
Available overdraft and borrowing facilities	<u>46,443</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>(153,557)</u>	(77%)

The directors note the company recorded a working capital deficiency of \$70,245 at 30 June 2024, with current liabilities of \$85,861 exceeding current assets of \$15,616.

The company has utilised its bank overdraft where required to manage its day to day working capital needs. At balance date, the bank overdraft was drawn to \$3,557, providing the directors with \$46,443 in available funds which can be drawn upon as required. The company's bank overdraft limit was reduced from \$200,000 to \$50,000 during the financial year.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 2. Basis of preparation and statement of compliance (continued)

The directors have prepared forecasts and projections, which factors in reasonable possible changes in trading performance, and considers improvement in trading performance since balance date and up until the signing of the financial report.

These forecasts and projections show that the company should be able to operate within the level of its current overdraft facility if the company is able to maintain footings at current levels, or through continued footings growth throughout the foreseeable future.

If the company is unable to maintain or grow its footings, the directors may be required to implement measures to preserve cash flows, which may include applying for an increased bank overdraft limit, implementing measures to reduce operating costs and/or discretionary cash outflows.

The directors have concluded that the combination of these circumstances above represent a material uncertainty over going concern, which casts doubt upon the company's ability to pay its debts as and when they fall due for the foreseeable future.

Nevertheless, after making enquiries and considering the uncertainties described above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the company's 30 June 2024 financial statements.

Note 3. Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies that are material to the company are set out either in the respective notes or below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The company has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are mandatory for the current financial year. A description of the impact of new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have had a material impact on the company during the current financial year is outlined below:

AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates is mandatory for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and was adopted by the company in the preparation of the 30 June 2024 financial statements.

AASB 2021-2 includes amendments to AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, requiring the company to disclose material accounting policy information in its financial statements rather than significant accounting policies which was required in previous financial years. Accounting policy information is material if it, when considered with other information, could reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users based on the financial statements.

Adoption of AASB 2021-2 has had no impact on the numerical information disclosed in the company's financial statements. Rather, adoption has required the company to remove significant accounting policy information from the notes to the financial statements that is not considered material.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

An assessment of accounting standards and interpretations issued by the AASB that are not yet mandatorily applicable to the company has been performed. No new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not mandatory have been early adopted, nor are they expected to have a material impact on the company in future financial years.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2024

Note 3. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires the directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. The directors continually evaluate their judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses.

The directors base their judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Differences between the accounting judgements and estimates and actual results and outcomes are accounted for in future reporting periods. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Judgements

Timing of revenue recognition associated with trail commission

The company receives trailing commission from Bendigo Bank for products and services sold. Ongoing trailing commission payments are recognised on a monthly basis when earned as there is insufficient detail readily available to estimate the most likely amount of revenue without a high probability of significant reversal in a subsequent reporting period. The receipt of ongoing trailing commission revenue is outside the control of the company.

Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

The company has not recognised an allowance for expected credit losses in relation to trade and other receivables for the following reasons:

- The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end.
- The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit. The directors are not aware of any such non-compliance at balance date.
- The company has reviewed credit ratings provided by Standard & Poors, Moody's and Fitch Ratings to determine the level of credit exposure to the company.
- The company has not experienced any instances of default in relation to receivables owed to the company from Bendigo Bank.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses impairment of non-financial assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Going concern

At each reporting date management must assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern are appropriate. Management's decision will be underpinned by assumptions and judgements about future events.

Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences only if the company considers it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. The directors have applied significant judgement and concluded that they have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to generate sufficient taxable profits in future reporting periods. Accordingly, the directors continue to recognise deferred tax assets in full at 30 June 2024.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited

Notes to the financial statements

30 June 2024

Note 4. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Estimates and assumptions

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The company determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives or assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Incremental borrowing rate

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for the company's lease agreements, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liability at the lease commencement date. This rate is based on what the company estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset, with similar terms, security and economic environment.

Note 5. Economic dependency

The company is economically dependent on the ongoing receipt of income under the franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The directors have no reason to believe a new franchise arrangement under mutually acceptable terms will not be forthcoming following expiry in June 2027.

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank that governs the management of the Community Bank.

The company operates as a franchise of Bendigo Bank, using the name "Bendigo Bank" and the logo and system of operations of Bendigo Bank. The company manages the Community Bank on behalf of Bendigo Bank, however all transactions with customers conducted through the Community Bank are effectively conducted between the customers and Bendigo Bank.

All deposits are made with Bendigo Bank, and all personal and investment products are products of Bendigo Bank, with the company facilitating the provision of those products. All loans, leases or hire purchase transactions, issues of new credit or debit cards, temporary or bridging finance and any other transaction that involves creating a new debt, or increasing or changing the terms of an existing debt owed to Bendigo Bank, must be approved by Bendigo Bank. All credit transactions are made with Bendigo Bank, and all credit products are products of Bendigo Bank.

The company promotes and sells the products and services, but is not a party to the transaction.

The credit risk (i.e. the risk that a customer will not make repayments) is for Bendigo Bank to bear as long as the company has complied with the appropriate procedures and relevant obligations and has not exercised a discretion in granting or extending credit.

Bendigo Bank provides significant assistance in establishing and maintaining the Community Bank franchise operations. It also continues to provide ongoing management and operational support and other assistance and guidance in relation to all aspects of the franchise operation, including advice and assistance in relation to:

- the design, layout and fit out of the Community Bank premises
- training for the branch manager and other employees in banking, management systems and interface protocol
- methods and procedures for the sale of products and provision of services
- security and cash logistic controls
- calculation of company revenue and payment of many operating and administrative expenses
- the formulation and implementation of advertising and promotional programs
- sales techniques and proper customer relations
- providing payroll services.

Note 6. Change to comparative figures

On adoption of AASB 16 Leases on 1 July 2019, the company previously recognised the right-of-use asset cost and accumulated depreciation on a gross basis from the commencement of the lease as if AASB 16 had always been applied by the company.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 6. Change to comparative figures (continued)

During the financial year the company recorded a change in accounting policy, whereby it elected to recognise the right-of-use asset net of accumulated depreciation on initial adoption of AASB 16. The change in accounting policy had no impact on the company's net profit or net asset position, however it did reduce the company's right-of-use asset cost and accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2023 by \$198,752.

Note 7. Revenue from contracts with customers

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Margin income	499,654	547,796
Fee income	30,995	30,151
Commission income	53,091	61,665
	<u>583,740</u>	<u>639,612</u>

Accounting policy for revenue from contracts with customers

The company has entered into a franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank. The company delivers banking and financial services of Bendigo Bank to its community. The franchise agreement provides for a share of interest, fee, and commission revenue earned by the company. Interest margin share is based on a funds transfer pricing methodology which recognises that income is derived from deposits held, and that loans granted incur a funding cost. Fees are based on the company's current fee schedule and commissions are based on the agreements in place. All margin revenue is recorded as non-interest income when the company's right to receive the payment is established.

The company acts as an agent under the franchise agreement and revenue arises from the rendering of services through its franchise agreement.

Revenue is recognised on an accruals basis, at the fair value of consideration specified in the franchise agreement, as follows:

<u>Revenue stream</u>	<u>Includes</u>	<u>Performance obligation</u>	<u>Timing of recognition</u>
Franchise agreement profit share	Margin, commission, and fee income	When the company satisfies its obligation to arrange for the services to be provided to the customer by the supplier (Bendigo Bank as franchisor).	On completion of the provision of the relevant service. Revenue is accrued monthly and paid within 10 business days after the end of each month.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of GST. There was no revenue from contracts with customers recognised over time during the financial year.

Revenue calculation

The franchise agreement provides that three forms of revenue may be earned by the company which are margin, commission and fee income. Bendigo Bank decides the form of revenue the company earns on different types of products and services. The revenue earned by the company is dependent on the business that it generates, interest rates and funds transfer pricing and other factors, such as economic and local conditions.

Margin income

Margin on core banking products is arrived at through the following calculation:

Interest paid by customers on loans less interest paid to customers on deposits
plus: any deposit returns i.e. interest return applied by Bendigo Bank for a deposit
minus: any costs of funds i.e. interest applied by Bendigo Bank to fund a loan.

The company is entitled to a share of the margin earned by Bendigo Bank. If this reflects a loss, the company incurs a share of that loss.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 7. Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Commission

Commission income is generated from the sale of products and services. This commission is recognised at a point in time which reflects when the company has fulfilled its performance obligation. Refer to Note 4 for further information regarding key judgements applied by the directors in relation to the timing of revenue recognition from trail commission.

Fee income

Fee income is a share of what is commonly referred to as 'bank fees and charges' charged to customers by Bendigo Bank including fees for loan applications and account transactions.

Core banking products

Bendigo Bank has identified some products and services as 'core banking products'. It may change the products and services which are identified as core banking products by giving the company at least 30 days notice. Core banking products currently include Bendigo Bank branded home loans, term deposits and at call deposits.

Ability to change financial return

Under the franchise agreement, Bendigo Bank may change the form and amount of financial return the company receives. The reasons it may make a change include changes in industry or economic conditions or changes in the way Bendigo Bank earns revenue.

The change may be to the method of calculation of margin, the amount of margin, commission and fee income or a change of a margin to a commission or vice versa. This may affect the amount of revenue the company receives on a particular product or service.

Bendigo Bank must not reduce the margin and commission the company receives on core banking products and services to less than 50% (on an aggregate basis) of Bendigo Bank's margin at that time. For other products and services, there is no restriction on the change Bendigo Bank may make.

Note 8. Expenses

Employee benefits expense

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Wages and salaries	301,752	256,453
Non-cash benefits	6,036	6,036
Superannuation contributions	33,891	26,443
Expenses related to long service leave	2,417	3,191
Other expenses	<u>32,989</u>	<u>24,409</u>
	<u><u>377,085</u></u>	<u><u>316,532</u></u>

Accounting policy for employee benefits

The company seconded employees from Bendigo Bank. The total cost of these employees, including an allowance for accrued annual and long service leave, is charged to the company by Bendigo Bank by offsetting against the monthly profit share arrangement. The company recognises these costs as an expense on a monthly basis.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 8. Expenses (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation expense

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Depreciation of non-current assets</i>		
Leasehold improvements	19,020	19,019
Plant and equipment	3,534	2,742
Motor vehicles	3,410	3,410
	<u>25,964</u>	<u>25,171</u>
<i>Depreciation of right-of-use assets</i>		
Leased land and buildings	28,340	28,493
<i>Amortisation of intangible assets</i>		
Franchise fee	3,760	746
Franchise renewal fee	18,800	3,731
	<u>22,560</u>	<u>4,477</u>
	<u>76,864</u>	<u>58,141</u>

Impairment losses

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Rights to revenue share	<u>21,618</u>	<u>-</u>

The customer accounts associated with the company's right to revenue share intangible asset were closed during the financial year. As a result an impairment loss was recorded to reduce the carrying value of such intangible assets to nil. Refer to note 14 for further information.

Finance costs

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Bank overdraft interest paid or accrued	157	3,624
Lease interest expense	9,096	11,573
Unwinding of make-good provision	352	339
	<u>9,605</u>	<u>15,536</u>

Finance costs are recognised as expenses when incurred using the effective interest rate.

Recognition exemption

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Expenses relating to low-value leases	<u>4,860</u>	<u>5,553</u>

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
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Note 9. Income tax

	2024 \$	2023 \$
<i>Income tax expense/(benefit)</i>		
Movement in deferred tax	(3,090)	(2,425)
Recoupment of prior year tax losses	-	41,473
Future income tax benefit attributable to losses	(3,867)	-
Under/over adjustment in respect to prior years	(1,045)	-
	<u>(8,002)</u>	<u>39,048</u>
<i>Prima facie income tax reconciliation</i>		
Profit/(loss) before income tax benefit/(expense)	(49,443)	156,191
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 25%	(12,361)	39,048
Tax effect of:		
Non-deductible impairment expenses	5,404	-
Under/over adjustment in respect to prior years	(1,045)	-
	<u>(8,002)</u>	<u>39,048</u>
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)</i>		
Carried-forward tax losses	133,965	129,052
Provision for lease make good	1,716	1,620
Lease liabilities	38,342	48,632
Right-of-use assets	(20,610)	(27,887)
Property, plant and equipment	(8,228)	(14,234)
	<u>145,185</u>	<u>137,183</u>

Accounting policy for deferred tax

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Refer to note 4 for further information.

Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	<u>4,123</u>	<u>20,738</u>
<i>Reconciliation to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year</i>		
The above figures are reconciled to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:		
Balances as above	4,123	20,738
Bank overdraft (note 16)	(3,557)	-
	<u>566</u>	<u>20,738</u>

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 11. Trade and other receivables

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Trade receivables	4,399	13,680
Prepayments	7,094	7,094
	<u>11,493</u>	<u>20,774</u>

Accounting policy for trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. The company's trade receivables are limited to the monthly profit share distribution from Bendigo Bank, which is received 10 business days post month end.

Note 12. Property, plant and equipment

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Leasehold improvements - at cost	192,111	192,111
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(129,259)</u>	<u>(110,239)</u>
	62,852	81,872
Plant and equipment - at cost	51,903	51,903
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(38,346)</u>	<u>(34,812)</u>
	13,557	17,091
Motor vehicles - at cost	27,278	27,278
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(16,723)</u>	<u>(13,313)</u>
	10,555	13,965
	<u>86,964</u>	<u>112,928</u>

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Leasehold improvements \$	Plant and equipment \$	Motor vehicles \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	100,891	14,215	17,375	132,481
Additions	-	5,618	-	5,618
Depreciation	<u>(19,019)</u>	<u>(2,742)</u>	<u>(3,410)</u>	<u>(25,171)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	81,872	17,091	13,965	112,928
Depreciation	<u>(19,020)</u>	<u>(3,534)</u>	<u>(3,410)</u>	<u>(25,964)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2024	<u>62,852</u>	<u>13,557</u>	<u>10,555</u>	<u>86,964</u>

Accounting policy for property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost or fair value as applicable, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements	4 to 15 years
Plant and equipment	1 to 40 years
Motor vehicles	8 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the company. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Note 13. Right-of-use assets

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Land and buildings - right-of-use	225,591	226,357
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(143,149)</u>	<u>(114,809)</u>
	<u><u>82,442</u></u>	<u><u>111,548</u></u>

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Land and buildings \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	140,741
Remeasurement adjustments	(700)
Depreciation expense	<u>(28,493)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	111,548
Remeasurement adjustments	(766)
Depreciation expense	<u>(28,340)</u>
Balance at 30 June 2024	<u><u>82,442</u></u>

Accounting policy for right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment and are adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Refer to note 17 for more information on lease arrangements.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
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Note 14. Intangible assets

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Rights to revenue share	27,840	27,840
Less: Impairment	(27,840)	(6,222)
	<u>-</u>	<u>21,618</u>
Franchise fee	32,007	32,007
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(25,698)	(21,938)
	<u>6,309</u>	<u>10,069</u>
Franchise renewal fee	110,036	110,036
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(78,492)	(59,692)
	<u>31,544</u>	<u>50,344</u>
	<u><u>37,853</u></u>	<u><u>82,031</u></u>

Reconciliations of the carrying values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	Rights to revenue share \$	Franchise fee \$	Franchise renewal fee \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 July 2022	21,618	-	-	21,618
Additions	-	10,815	54,075	64,890
Amortisation expense	-	(746)	(3,731)	(4,477)
	<u>21,618</u>	<u>10,069</u>	<u>50,344</u>	<u>82,031</u>
Balance at 30 June 2023	21,618	10,069	50,344	82,031
Impairment of assets	(21,618)	-	-	(21,618)
Amortisation expense	-	(3,760)	(18,800)	(22,560)
	<u>-</u>	<u>6,309</u>	<u>31,544</u>	<u>37,853</u>
Balance at 30 June 2024	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>6,309</u></u>	<u><u>31,544</u></u>	<u><u>37,853</u></u>

Accounting policy for intangible assets

Intangible assets of the company relate to the franchise fees paid to Bendigo Bank which conveys the right to operate the Community Bank franchise.

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

The franchise fees paid by the company are amortised over their useful life and assessed for impairment whenever impairment indicators are present.

Right to revenue shares acquired were recognised at cost at the date of acquisition and were assessed as having indefinite useful life. They were tested for impairment at each reporting period and whenever impairment indicators are present.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

<u>Asset class</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Useful life</u>	<u>Expiry/renewal date</u>
Franchise fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	June 2027
Franchise renewal fee	Straight-line	Over the franchise term (5 years)	June 2027
Rights to revenue share	Assessed for impairment	Indefinite	N/A

Amortisation methods, useful life, and residual values are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Impairment of assets

Refer to note 8 for more information.

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Note 15. Trade and other payables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Trade payables	6,654	209
Other payables and accruals	22,840	21,490
	<u>29,494</u>	<u>21,699</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Other payables and accruals	14,276	28,552
	<u>14,276</u>	<u>28,552</u>
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Financial liabilities at amortised cost classified as trade and other payables</i>		
Total trade and other payables	43,770	50,251
Less: other payables and accruals (net GST payable to the ATO)	(8,552)	(7,214)
	<u>35,218</u>	<u>43,037</u>

Note 16. Borrowings

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Bank overdraft	3,557	-
	<u>3,557</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Financing arrangements</i>		
Unrestricted access was available at the reporting date to the following lines of credit:		
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Total facilities		
Bank overdraft	50,000	200,000
Used at the reporting date		
Bank overdraft	3,557	-
Unused at the reporting date		
Bank overdraft	46,443	200,000

Bank overdraft

The bank overdraft is repayable on demand and used for cash management purposes. The bank overdraft has a rolling renewal date and is reviewed annually by the lender, Bendigo Bank. It is secured by a floating charge over the company's assets.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
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Note 17. Lease liabilities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Property lease liabilities	<u>52,810</u>	<u>42,091</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Property lease liabilities	<u>100,558</u>	<u>152,438</u>
<i>Reconciliation of lease liabilities</i>		
	2024 \$	2023 \$
Opening balance	194,529	231,979
Remeasurement adjustments	1,238	(700)
Lease interest expense	9,096	11,573
Lease payments - total cash outflow	<u>(51,495)</u>	<u>(48,323)</u>
	<u>153,368</u>	<u>194,529</u>

Accounting policy for lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, including renewal options if the company is reasonably certain to exercise such options, discounted using the company's incremental borrowing rate.

The company has applied the following accounting policy choices in relation to lease liabilities:

- The company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components when calculating the lease liability for property leases.
- The company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and low-value assets, which include the company's lease of information technology equipment. The company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The company's lease portfolio includes:

Lease	Discount rate	Non-cancellable term	Renewal options available	Reasonably certain to exercise options	Lease term end date used in calculations
Cannonvale & Prosperine Branch	5.39%	5 years	N/A	N/A	May 2027

Note 18. Issued capital

	2024 Shares	2023 Shares	2024 \$	2023 \$
Ordinary shares - fully paid	800,013	800,013	800,013	800,013
Less: Equity raising costs	-	-	(31,065)	(31,065)
	<u>800,013</u>	<u>800,013</u>	<u>768,948</u>	<u>768,948</u>

Accounting policy for issued capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the company being \$1 per share. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

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Note 18. Issued capital (continued)

Rights attached to issued capital

Ordinary shares

Voting rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each member has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each member attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a member and has also been appointed as proxy for another member) that person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other member that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the company as a community based company, by providing that all members of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the Community Bank branch have the same ability to influence the operation of the company.

Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to members in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The franchise agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the company's constitution and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the company (the "10% limit").
- In the opinion of the board they do not have a close connection to the community or communities in which the company predominantly carries on business (the "close connection test").
- Where the person is a shareholder, after the transfer of shares in the company to that person the number of shareholders in the company is (or would be) lower than the base number (the "base number test"). The base number is 160. As at the date of this report, the company had 172 shareholders (2023: 172 shareholders).

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and their associates) has a prohibited shareholding interest in are suspended.

The board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the company or any voting power in the company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 18. Issued capital (continued)

In the constitution, members acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual members, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

Note 19. Capital management

The board's policy is to maintain an appropriate capital base so as to sustain future development of the company. The board of directors monitor the return on capital and the level of distributions to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the statement of financial position.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the distribution limit.

The distribution limit is the greater of:

- 20% of the profit or funds of the company otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- subject to the availability of distributable profits, the relevant rate of return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the company over that 12 month period where the relevant rate of return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the financial year can be seen in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive Income.

There were no changes in the company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 20. Dividends

Dividends declared during the year

The following dividends were declared during the financial year as presented in the Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Unfranked dividend of 4 cents per share	<u>32,001</u>	<u>-</u>

Accounting policy for dividends

Dividends are recognised when declared during the financial year and no longer at the discretion of the company.

Note 21. Financial risk management

The company's financial instruments include trade receivables and payables, cash and cash equivalents, lease liabilities and borrowings. The company does not have any derivatives.

The directors are responsible for monitoring and managing the financial risk exposure of the company, to which end it monitors the financial risk management policies and exposures and approves financial transactions within the scope of its authority.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 21. Financial risk management (continued)

The directors have identified that the only significant financial risk exposures of the company are liquidity and market (price) risk. Other financial risks are not significant to the company due to the following factors:

- The company has no foreign exchange risk as all of its account balances and transactions are in Australian Dollars.
- The company's franchise agreement limits the company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo Bank. The company monitors credit worthiness through review of credit ratings, Bendigo Bank is rated BBB+ on Standard & Poor's credit ratings.
- The company has no direct exposure to movements in commodity prices.
- The company's interest-bearing instruments are held at amortised cost which have fair values that approximate their carrying value since all cash and payables have maturity dates within 12 months.

Further details regarding the categories of financial instruments held by the company that hold such exposure are detailed below.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Trade and other receivables (note 11)	4,399	13,680
Cash and cash equivalents (note 10)	4,123	20,738
	<u>8,522</u>	<u>34,418</u>
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables (note 15)	35,218	43,037
Lease liabilities (note 17)	153,368	194,529
Borrowings (note 16)	3,557	-
	<u>192,143</u>	<u>237,566</u>

Accounting policy for financial instruments

Financial assets

Classification

The company classifies its financial assets at amortised cost.

Financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial asset.

The company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the company's contractual right to its cash flows expires, or the asset is transferred in such a way that all the risks and rewards of ownership are substantially transferred.

Financial liabilities

Classification

The company classifies its financial liabilities at amortised cost.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised then it is extinguished, cancelled or expires.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - e.g. foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices - will affect the company's income or the value of its holdings in financial instruments.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 21. Financial risk management (continued)

Interest-bearing assets and liabilities are held with Bendigo Bank and earnings on those are subject to movements in market interest rates. The company held cash and cash equivalents of \$4,123 at 30 June 2024 (2023: \$20,738).

As at the reporting date, the company had the following variable rate borrowings:

	2024		2023	
	Nominal interest rate %	Balance \$	Nominal interest rate %	Balance \$
Bank overdraft	6.34%	3,557	-	-
Net exposure to cash flow interest rate risk		3,557		-

Price risk

The company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

Financing arrangements

Unused borrowing facilities at the reporting date:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Bank overdraft	46,443	200,000

The following are the company's remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities. The contractual cash flow amounts are gross and undiscounted and therefore may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$	Remaining contractual maturities \$
2024				
Bank overdraft	3,557	-	-	3,557
Trade and other payables	20,942	14,276	-	35,218
Lease liabilities	54,100	111,345	-	165,445
Total non-derivatives	78,599	125,621	-	204,220
2023				
Trade and other payables	14,485	28,552	-	43,037
Lease liabilities	51,551	165,354	-	216,905
Total non-derivatives	66,036	193,906	-	259,942

The bank overdraft is repayable on demand and used for cash management purposes. It is reviewed annual by the lender, Bendigo Bank.

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 22. Key management personnel disclosures

The following persons were directors of Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited during the financial year and/or up to the date of signing of these financial statements.

Mark Clifford Henry	Kim Maree Porter
Krystine Margaret Halsey	Gus Thomas Walsgott
Ross Percy David Hughes	Gail Vivian Anderson
Caitlyn Maree Fleming	

No director of the company receives remuneration for services as a company director or committee member.

Note 23. Related party transactions

Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 22.

Receivable from and payable to related parties

There were no trade receivables from or trade payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
The company made sponsorships to community groups where company directors also are committee members.	3,418	-
The company utilised bookkeeping, secretarial, consulting and cleaning services provided by its directors. The total benefit received was:	3,390	7,325

Note 24. Remuneration of auditors

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Andrew Frewin Stewart, the auditor of the company:

	2024 \$	2023 \$
<i>Audit services</i>		
Audit or review of the financial statements	6,650	5,400
<i>Other services</i>		
Taxation advice and tax compliance services	700	660
General advisory services	4,005	3,345
Share registry services	3,876	2,600
	<u>8,581</u>	<u>6,605</u>
	<u>15,231</u>	<u>12,005</u>

Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Notes to the financial statements
30 June 2024

Note 25. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Profit/(loss) after income tax benefit/(expense) for the year	(41,441)	117,143
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	76,864	58,141
Impairment	21,618	-
Lease liability interest	9,096	11,573
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in trade and other receivables	9,281	5,481
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets	(8,002)	39,048
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	8,534	(9,103)
Increase in other provisions	352	339
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>76,302</u>	<u>222,622</u>

Note 26. Earnings per share

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Profit/(loss) after income tax	<u>(41,441)</u>	<u>117,143</u>
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	<u>800,013</u>	<u>800,013</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	<u>800,013</u>	<u>800,013</u>
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	(5.18)	14.64
Diluted earnings per share	(5.18)	14.64

Accounting policy for earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to the owners of Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Note 27. Commitments

The company has no commitments contracted for which would be provided for in future reporting periods.

Note 28. Contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets at the date of this report.

Note 29. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the company's operations, the results of those operations, or the company's state of affairs in future financial years.

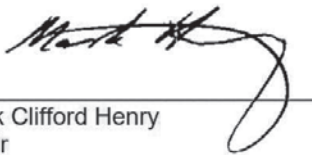
Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited
Directors' declaration
30 June 2024

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in the notes to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- the company does not have any controlled entities and is not required by the Accounting Standards to prepare consolidated financial statements. Therefore, a consolidated entity disclosure statement has not been included as section 295(3A)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001* does not apply to the entity.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the directors



Mark Clifford Henry
Chair

14 October 2024



Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street Bendigo VIC 3550
ABN: 65 684 604 390
afs@afsbendigo.com.au
03 5443 0344

Independent auditor's report to the Directors of Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited (the company), which comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended
- Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- Statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- Notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies
- The directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Whitsunday Community Enterprises Limited, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's *APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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Material uncertainty related to going concern

Our opinion is not modified for this matter. We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial report, which indicates that the company reported a net loss of \$41,441 for the year ended 30 June 2024, and a net working capital deficiency of \$70,245, where its current liabilities exceeded its current assets. The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through an overdraft facility. The overdraft has an approved limit of \$50,000 and was drawn to \$3,557 as at 30 June 2024. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that it gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



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Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



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We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Andrew Frewin Stewart'.

Andrew Frewin Stewart
61 Bull Street, Bendigo, Vic, 3550
Dated: 14 October 2024

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Lachlan Tatt'.

Lachlan Tatt
Lead Auditor

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ABN: 39 150 376 435

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